# Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

No. AD-14-E487 Date of publication Nov./14/2014





Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp

## **LANIER SP 8300DN**

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

2.Color: Monochrome

3.Print Speed: 50 prints/minute (LTR)
4.Maximum Paper Size: 11" x 17"

5.Included Units in Assessment : Automatic Duplexing

Unit

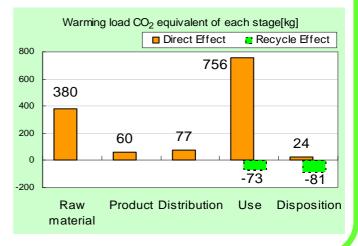
The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 1,500,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub>	1.30t
equivalent)	(1.14t)
Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub>	1.99kg
equivalent)	(1.71kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	25.4GJ
equivalent)	(22.7GJ)

※Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect

\*note3





#### Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

#### [Supplemental environmental information]

- •Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki \*

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

### Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-14-E487

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1	v2.1
	v2.1

	PC	R name		EP an	d IJ pri	nter	Product type		LANIER S	P 8300DN	
	Р	CR ID		AD-04		Product weight (kg)	73	Package (kg)	22	Weight total (kg)	95
In/O	ut items		_	Life Cycle Stage	Unit	Produ	uction Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
					MJ	6.76E+03	1.10E+03	1.06E+03	1.65E+04	2.98E+01	-2.73E+03
Ene	Energy Consumption				Mcal	1.62E+03	2.64E+02	2.52E+02	3.93E+03	7.11E+00	-6.52E+02
				Coal	kg	5.60E+01	7.08E+00	7.12E-01	7.40E+01	2.00E-01	-2.97E+01
				Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.22E+01	8.59E+00	2.18E+01	1.39E+02	2.79E-01	-1.88E+01
		Ene	ergy	LNG	kg	1.17E+01	4.29E+00	6.69E-01	5.48E+01	1.02E-01	-2.62E+00
				Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.18E-03	4.79E-04	4.67E-05	3.77E-03	1.35E-05	-2.54E-05
				Crude oil (for material)	kg	2.45E+01	0	0	3.04E+01	0	-1.75E+01
				Iron content of an ore	kg	4.24E+01	0	0	1.45E+01	0	-2.80E+01
				Cu content of an ore	kg	6.28E-01	0	0	6.65E-03	0	-7.05E-01
				Al content of an ore	kg	1.12E+00	0	0	2.46E+00	0	-2.78E+00
	Resource Consumption from the environment	<u>o</u> "		Ni content of an ore	kg	1.63E-01	0	0	5.48E-03	0	-5.71E-04
		Exhaustible		Cr content of an ore	kg	2.35E-01	0	0	1.24E-02	0	-1.04E-02
	onsi	chau		Mn content of an ore	kg	2.51E-01	0	0	7.77E-02	0	-2.43E-02
	9. e O P		terial	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.13E-01	0	0	7.27E-02	0	-5.73E-02
	ourc t	IVIa	teriai	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res			Zn content of an ore	kg	6.42E-01	0	0	1.19E+00	0	-5.63E-01
				Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Silica Sand	kg	1.61E+00	0	0	1.79E-01	0	-5.07E-01
S				Halite	kg	1.77E+01	0	0	4.02E+00	2.58E-02	-3.12E-01
alyse				Limestone	kg	9.52E+00	0	0	2.88E+00	2.92E-01	-4.79E+00
ans				Natural soda ash	kg	1.05E-01	0	0	2.77E-07	0	-1.45E-02
fory		Renewab	le	Wood	kg	2.83E+01	0	0	6.86E+00	0	-4.75E+01
Inventory analyses		resources	6	Water	kg	2.85E+04	5.49E+03	5.22E+02	6.34E+04	1.66E+02	-7.45E+03
				CO <sub>2</sub>	kg	3.72E+02	5.88E+01	7.36E+01	7.27E+02	2.44E+01	-1.51E+02
				SO <sub>x</sub>	kg	2.41E-01	4.20E-02	4.26E-02	5.01E-01	1.27E-02	-1.45E-01
				$NO_x$	kg	4.34E-01	4.02E-02	2.75E-01	8.67E-01	2.42E-02	-1.95E-01
				N <sub>2</sub> O	kg	3.06E-02	3.18E-03	1.22E-02	1.06E-01	5.05E-05	-1.52E-02
		to Atmos	phere	CH <sub>4</sub>	kg	3.14E-03	1.28E-03	1.25E-04	1.00E-02	3.62E-05	-1.74E-05
				CO	kg	5.48E-02	8.50E-03	6.19E-02	1.34E-01	3.43E-03	-1.49E-02
	g tu			NMVOC	kg	6.14E-03	2.51E-03	2.45E-04	1.97E-02	7.08E-05	-3.35E-05
	chai			$C_xH_y$	kg	1.51E-02	5.47E-04	8.96E-03	2.79E-02	2.42E-05	-6.21E-03
	/Dis			Dust	kg	5.11E-02	1.81E-03	2.75E-02	6.22E-02	1.14E-03	-2.43E-02
	sion e en			BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Emission/Discharge to the environment			COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	шт	to Water s	ystem	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	2.86E+00	0	0	9.98E+00	3.24E+01	-9.08E-01
		to Soil sy	stem	Slag	kg	1.48E+01	0	0	5.80E+00	0	-9.12E+00
				Sludge	kg	2.39E+00	0	0	5.27E+00	0	-5.95E+00
				Low level radio-active waste	kg	8.28E-04	3.35E-04	3.26E-05	2.63E-03	9.44E-06	-1.77E-05
ent	mission/ mission/ harge to by Resource the Consumption onment	Exhaustit		Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.22E+02	2.22E+01	2.34E+01	2.84E+02	6.40E-01	-4.13E+01
ssessm		resources		Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	4.38E+02	0	0	2.87E+02	0	-2.56E+02
mpact a:	mission/ harge to the ronment	to Atmos	ohere	Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	3.80E+02	5.97E+01	7.70E+01	7.56E+02	2.45E+01	-1.55E+02
=	by Emission Discharge to the environment			Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	5.45E-01	7.02E-02	2.35E-01	1.11E+00	2.96E-02	-2.81E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

L. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

Tectain/parts reuse.

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
  A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
  B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
  C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).
- III Impact analyses
  Result of the "impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").
  A impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
  B. impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- B. Impact by survivolving the second point to two, should be used.

  A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

  B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

  C. Indicate "-- If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

  (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative

#### **Product data sheet**

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-14-E487



PCR name	EP and IJ printer ( PCR-ID : AD-04 )	Product type	LANIER SP 8300DN				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	73	Package (kg)	22	Weight total (kg)	95

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Br	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	SUS	1.02E+00	PCB 2.74E+00		Press molding: Iron (kg)	4.11E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	7.10E+01
#	Alminum	1.05E+00	Steel	4.06E+01	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	2.04E+00		
Product	Glass	4.40E-01	Wood	1.29E+01	Injection molding (kg)	2.69E+01		
ě	Rubber	4.69E-01			Glass molding (kg)	9.09E-01		
	Other metals	9.83E-01						
	Paper	7.14E+00						
	Thermoplastic	2.70E+01						
	Thermosetting	6.09E-01						
	Subtotal	3.87E+01	Subtotal	5.62E+01				
		Total		9.49E+01	Subtotal	7.10E+01	Subtotal	7.10E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SO<sub>x</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> should be indicated in SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> equivalent.

Ę	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Energy		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Kerosene as fuel (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )		
ISU	Quantity	3.34E+01	6.26E+01	5.00E-01	6.06E+01	9.46E-01		
ర	Note							
Emission/ Discharge	Classification	Water system						
	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
	Quantity	1.23E+02						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

		•• (p.	o,		, rane, concamp				
	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
e .	Quantity	9.49E+01	2.53E+01	3.97E+01	6.05E+03	9.49E+01	1.20E+04	1.00E+02	1.13E+06
Distribution	Note								
	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	9.49E+01	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	4.73E+05	9.49E+01	6.00E+02	3.97E+01	1.44E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene as fuel (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)
	Quantity	1.67E+02	1.37E+01	2.58E+01	1.02E+03	1.02E+03	7.89E+02	6.60E+00	3.22E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)
	Quantity	2.32E+00	2.21E-02	2.07E-01	4.14E-01	2.07E+00	6.45E-01	3.09E+01	1.56E-03
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Polypropylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)
	Quantity	1.07E-04	4.23E+00	1.04E+00	3.31E-06	1.93E+00	3.28E-02	9.84E-01	5.25E-04
	Note								

Classification	Consumption	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
Quantity	1.40E+01	6.43E+03	3.07E+05	1.70E+05	3.30E+04	3.77E+02	1.80E+04	9.97E+03
Note								
Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition			
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
Quantity	1.94E+03	1.06E+03	3.09E+05	1.29E+05	2.50E+04			
Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)
	Quantity	8.97E+00	3.22E+00	3.10E+01	3.10E+01	1.94E+01	1.62E+01	3.31E-06	1.15E+01
es	Note								
Consumables	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	2.23E+00	9.66E-01	7.27E+00	3.22E+00	2.98E-06	1.15E+01	2.23E+00	9.66E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction							
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)							
	Quantity	7.27E+00							
	Note				•				

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Landfill: General waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)
	Quantity	1.75E+00	2.81E+01	1.33E+00	1.63E+01	7.53E+01	4.00E+04	1.91E+01	3.51E-04
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)
	Quantity	2.94E+01	1.39E+01	1.91E+01	1.31E+01	1.76E-01	1.55E+01	3.94E-01	1.03E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process	Deduction		
	Distribution	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)		
	Quantity	1.73E-01	1.55E+01	3.94E-01	1.03E+01	1.37E+00	1.37E+00		
	Note								

Note

#### 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.