Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



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Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



SAVIN MP 7502

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

2.Color: Monochrome

3.Print Speed: 75 prints/minute (LTR) **4.Maximum Paper Size**: 11" x 17"

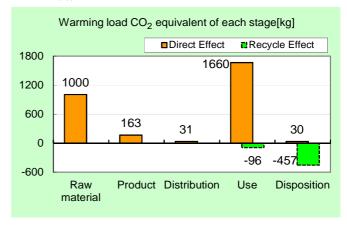
5.Included Units in Assessment: Automatic Document

Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,375,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a	All the stage sum
life cycle	totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	2.89t
equivalent)	(2.34t)
Acidification (SO ₂	4.42kg
equivalent)	(3.71kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	57.4GJ
equivalent)	(48.0GJ)

%Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-14-E506

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	SAVIN MP 7502				
PCR ID	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	214	Package (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237

			Life Cycle Stage		Prod	uction				5
In/O	ut items			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
Enc	ray Cone	sumption		MJ	1.61E+04	3.04E+03	4.86E+02	3.77E+04	4.38E+01	-9.38E+03
Ene	igy Cons	sumption		Mcal	3.84E+03	7.26E+02	1.16E+02	9.01E+03	1.05E+01	-2.24E+03
			Coal	kg	1.90E+02	2.08E+01	1.78E+00	1.75E+02	1.69E-01	-1.52E+02
		Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.31E+02	2.35E+01	7.38E+00	3.17E+02	6.44E-01	-3.34E+01
		Effergy	LNG	kg	2.80E+01	1.07E+01	9.46E-01	9.16E+01	9.24E-02	-6.29E+00
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.55E-03	1.40E-03	1.16E-04	1.01E-02	1.14E-05	1.21E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.83E+01	0	0	8.19E+01	0	-6.22E+01
			Iron content of an ore	kg	1.54E+02	0	0	2.10E+01	0	-1.67E+02
			Cu content of an ore	kg	1.50E+00	0	0	1.93E-02	0	-2.29E+00
	_		Al content of an ore	kg	6.85E+00	0	0	2.04E+00	0	-8.36E+00
	otion	e s	Ni content of an ore	kg	1.93E+00	0	0	7.41E-01	0	-3.39E-03
	d di di	ustib Irce	Cr content of an ore	kg	2.66E+00	0	0	1.01E+00	0	-6.19E-02
	ons	Exhaustible resources	Mn content of an ore	kg	1.13E+00	0	0	2.31E-01	0	-1.45E-01
	9 9 6 C		Pb content of an ore	kg	1.64E-01	0	0	1.57E-03	0	-1.86E-01
	Resource Consumption from the environment	iviaterial	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res		Zn content of an ore	kg	1.31E+00	0	0	1.54E-02	0	-1.83E+00
			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	4.27E+00	0	0	2.45E-01	0	-2.53E+00
SS			Halite	kg	2.92E+01	0	0	2.15E+00	2.94E-03	-1.07E+00
ılyse			Limestone	kg	3.29E+01	0	0	4.82E+00	2.68E-01	-2.84E+01
ans			Natural soda ash	kg	2.32E-01	0	0	3.15E-06	0	-9.28E-02
tory		Renewable	Wood	kg	4.71E+01	0	0	8.34E+01	0	0.00E+00
Inventory analyses		resources	Water	kg	6.93E+04	1.60E+04	1.30E+03	1.64E+05	1.45E+02	-1.55E+04
드			CO ₂	kg	9.83E+02	1.62E+02	3.11E+01	1.64E+03	2.97E+01	-5.40E+02
			SO _x	kg	7.83E-01	1.23E-01	3.20E-02	1.18E+00	1.63E-02	-4.43E-01
			NO _x	kg	1.11E+00	9.90E-02	2.80E-01	1.74E+00	4.90E-02	-3.79E-01
			N ₂ O	kg	7.24E-02	2.85E-03	4.64E-04	8.81E-02	5.42E-05	-4.85E-02
		to Atmosphere	CH₄	kg	6.68E-03	3.75E-03	3.11E-04	2.70E-02	3.06E-05	4.79E-04
			CO	kg	1.84E-01	2.40E-02	1.10E-01	3.08E-01	1.25E-02	-6.64E-03
	eg =		NMVOC	kg	1.31E-02	7.36E-03	6.10E-04	5.29E-02	5.99E-05	9.36E-04
	har		C _x H _y	kg	3.55E-02	5.58E-04	5.52E-03	3.88E-02	4.44E-04	-1.92E-02
	Disc		Dust	kg	1.39E-01	5.28E-03	2.21E-02	1.39E-01	3.16E-03	-8.48E-02
	ion/l		BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	파요	to Water system	N total	kg	ı	-	-	-	-	-
			P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	6.46E+00	0	0	2.87E+01	1.75E+01	-2.31E+00
		to Soil system	Slag	kg	5.18E+01	0	0	6.91E+00	0	-5.25E+01
		to son system	Sludge	kg	1.47E+01	0	0	4.38E+00	0	-1.79E+01
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.79E-03	9.81E-04	8.13E-05	7.06E-03	7.98E-06	8.49E-05
ent	by Resource Consumption	Exhaustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	3.08E+02	6.12E+01	1.06E+01	6.22E+02	9.57E-01	-1.38E+02
assessment		resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	2.22E+03	0	0	6.64E+02	0	-9.16E+02
Impact as	by Emission/ Discharge to the environment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.00E+03	1.63E+02	3.12E+01	1.66E+03	2.97E+01	-5.53E+02
Ē	by Err Disch t enviro		Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.56E+00	1.92E-01	2.28E-01	2.39E+00	5.06E-02	-7.09E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

 (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

 (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

 B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
 A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
 C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- III Impact analyses
 Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").
 A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
 B. Impact "by emission discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- N Data entry format

 A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

 B. Indicate "O instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate "- "If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

 (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-14-E506



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	SAVIN MP 7502				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	214	Package (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Br	eakdown of p	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	ch need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Weight (kg) Material name		Process name Weight (kg)		Process name	Weight (kg)
	SUS	1.22E+01 PCB		5.55E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	1.56E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	2.08E+02
	Alminum	6.48E+00	Steel	Steel 1.44E+02 F		9.03E+00		
Product	Glass	1.13E+00	Wood	4.27E-04	Injection molding (kg)	4.13E+01		
2	Rubber	1.21E+00			Glass molding (kg)	2.34E+00		
_	Other metals	2.55E+00						
	Paper	2.14E+01						
	Thermoplastic	4.07E+01						
	Thermosetting	1.67E+00						
	Subtotal	8.74E+01	Subtotal	1.50E+02				
		Total		2.37E+02	Subtotal	2.08E+02	Subtotal	2.08E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

Ē	Classification	Energy	Material	Material	Energy		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)		
ous	Quantity	8.98E+01	1.40E+02	8.52E+01	4.01E-01		
၁	Note						
	Classification	Water system					
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
Emi Sis	Quantity	2.25E+02					
	Note						

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Distribution	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
△	Quantity	2.37E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	1.18E+06	2.37E+02	6.00E+02	4.96E+01	2.87E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

4.1 F10	uuct anu ac	cessories subje	ct to this analysi	3					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PBT (kg)
	Quantity	4.69E+00	1.93E+00	2.93E-05	1.71E+00	6.41E-02	2.31E-02	9.90E-06	4.46E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Polystyrene (kg)
	Quantity	4.25E-01	7.64E-01	2.02E+01	8.58E+01	9.16E-02	1.66E+00	2.51E+04	2.19E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
	Quantity	6.31E-02	4.50E-03	2.56E-01	2.79E-05	2.45E+00	1.20E+06	1.64E+01	1.54E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Material
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)	Industrial water (kg)
	Quantity	2.00E+00	2.37E+01	6.64E+05	1.71E+00	4.28E+01	6.66E+02	3.61E+00	2.98E+02
	Note								

Classification	Condition	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition	
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	
Quantity	1.29E+05	2.98E+02	1.83E+03	8.06E+00	3.92E+01	2.14E+05	4.14E+04	
Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	2.03E+01	3.92E+01	7.89E+04	5.95E+01	5.95E+01	4.47E+01	4.28E+01	2.93E-05
es	Note								
ab	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	1.48E+01	1.85E+00	2.25E+01	2.63E-05	1.48E+01	1.85E+00	2.25E+01	6.16E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction							
	Distribution	Copper plate (kg)							
	Quantity	6.16E-02							
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process
Scenario	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)
	Quantity	1.43E+01	1.89E+05	2.16E+02	1.28E-02	2.11E+01	1.41E+00	2.13E+02	6.64E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)
	Quantity	5.80E+01	1.13E+00	1.46E+02	6.05E+00	7.52E+00	4.00E+01	1.11E+00	1.46E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction					
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)					
	Quantity	6.05E+00	7.52E+00	3.86E+01					
	Note								

Note

6. Others

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