# **Product Environmental Aspects Declaration**



No. AD-14-E508 Date of publication Dec./5/2014

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)





**Environment Contact:** RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



# **SAVIN MP 7502SP**

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

2.Color: Monochrome

3.Print Speed: 75 prints/minute (LTR) 4.Maximum Paper Size: 11" x 17"

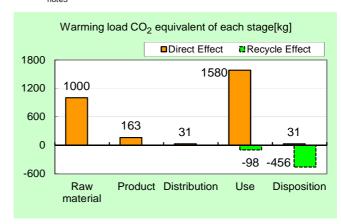
5.Included Units in Assessment: Automatic Document

Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,375,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub>	2.81t
equivalent)	(2.26t)
Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub>	4.33kg
equivalent)	(3.60kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	55.6GJ
equivalent)	(46.2GJ)

\*Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3



### Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

### [Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki \*

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf data collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

# Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-14-E508

Unit Function DB version v2.1 Characterization Factor DB version

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	SAVIN MP 7502SP				
PCR ID	PCR ID AD-04 Product weight (kg)		214	Package (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237

			Life Cycle Stage	Unit		uction	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
In/O	ut items				Raw material	Product				1100,010 011001
Ene	ray Cons	sumption		MJ	1.61E+04	3.04E+03	4.86E+02	3.59E+04	4.51E+01	-9.37E+03
	199 0011			Mcal	3.85E+03	7.27E+02	1.16E+02	8.57E+03	1.08E+01	-2.24E+03
			Coal	kg	1.90E+02	2.08E+01	1.78E+00	1.65E+02	1.77E-01	-1.53E+02
		Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.31E+02	2.35E+01	7.38E+00	3.05E+02	6.58E-01	-3.38E+01
		Liloigy	LNG	kg	2.80E+01	1.07E+01	9.47E-01	8.64E+01	9.65E-02	-6.29E+00
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.56E-03	1.41E-03	1.16E-04	9.42E-03	1.20E-05	1.22E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.83E+01	0	0	8.19E+01	0	-6.14E+01
			Iron content of an ore	kg	1.54E+02	0	0	2.11E+01	0	-1.67E+02
			Cu content of an ore	kg	1.50E+00	0	0	1.94E-02	0	-2.29E+00
	_		Al content of an ore	kg	6.86E+00	0	0	2.04E+00	0	-8.36E+00
	otior	e s	Ni content of an ore	kg	1.93E+00	0	0	7.42E-01	0	-3.40E-03
	L L	Exhaustible	Cr content of an ore	kg	2.67E+00	0	0	1.01E+00	0	-6.20E-02
	Sons	xhar	Mn content of an ore	kg	1.13E+00	0	0	2.31E-01	0	-1.45E-01
	Se el	Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.65E-01	0	0	1.57E-03	0	-1.86E-01
	Resource Consumption from the environment	Matorial	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Res		Zn content of an ore	kg	1.31E+00	0	0	1.55E-02	0	-1.83E+00
			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	4.27E+00	0	0	2.45E-01	0	-2.54E+00
S S			Halite	kg	2.93E+01	0	0	2.15E+00	3.57E-03	-1.07E+00
alys			Limestone	kg	3.29E+01	0	0	4.83E+00	3.10E-01	-2.85E+01
an,			Natural soda ash	kg	2.33E-01	0	0	3.15E-06	0	-9.29E-02
tor		Renewable	Wood	kg	4.71E+01	0	0	8.34E+01	0	0.00E+00
Inventory analyses		resources	Water	kg	6.94E+04	1.60E+04	1.30E+03	1.56E+05	1.52E+02	-1.55E+04
_			CO <sub>2</sub>	kg	9.84E+02	1.62E+02	3.11E+01	1.56E+03	3.10E+01	-5.42E+02
			SO <sub>x</sub>	kg	7.83E-01	1.23E-01	3.20E-02	1.11E+00	1.70E-02	-4.46E-01
			NO <sub>x</sub>	kg	1.11E+00	9.90E-02	2.80E-01	1.70E+00	5.05E-02	-4.15E-01
			N <sub>2</sub> O	kg	7.24E-02	2.85E-03	4.64E-04	8.72E-02	5.63E-05	-4.84E-02
		to Atmosphere	CH <sub>4</sub>	kg	6.69E-03	3.76E-03	3.12E-04	2.51E-02	3.21E-05	4.81E-04
			CO	kg	1.84E-01	2.40E-02	1.10E-01	2.98E-01	1.27E-02	-2.14E-02
	rge		NMVOC	kg	1.31E-02	7.37E-03	6.10E-04	4.92E-02	6.28E-05	9.40E-04
	chai		C <sub>x</sub> H <sub>v</sub>	kg	3.55E-02	5.58E-04	5.52E-03	3.87E-02	4.45E-04	-1.99E-02
	/Dis		Dust	kg	1.39E-01	5.29E-03	2.21E-02	1.37E-01	3.18E-03	-8.76E-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	mis o th		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ш+	to Water system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SS	kg		-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	6.47E+00	0	0	2.87E+01	1.76E+01	-2.28E+00
		to Soil system	Slag	kg	5.19E+01	0	0	6.91E+00	0	-5.25E+01
			Sludge	kg	1.47E+01	0	0	4.39E+00	0	-1.79E+01
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.79E-03	9.82E-04	8.14E-05	6.57E-03	8.36E-06	8.54E-05
ŧ	ource	Exhaustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	3.08E+02	6.12E+01	1.06E+01	5.92E+02	9.86E-01	-1.38E+02
assessment	by Resource Consumption	resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore		0.005.00			0.055.00		0.4== 00
ses			equivalent)	kg	2.22E+03	0	0	6.65E+02	0	-9.17E+02
Impact as:	r Emission/ scharge to the wironment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	1.00E+03	1.63E+02	3.12E+01	1.58E+03	3.10E+01	-5.55E+02
Im.	by Emission Discharge to the environmen	to Atmosphere	Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	1.56E+00	1.93E-01	2.28E-01	2.30E+00	5.24E-02	-7.37E-01

### [Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

  (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

  (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

  B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
  A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
  B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
  C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- III Impact analyses
  Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").
  A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
  B. Impact "by emission discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- N Data entry format

  A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

  B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

  C. Indicate "- If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

  (BQD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

## **Product data sheet**

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-14-E508



PC	CR name	EP and IJ printer ( PCR-ID : AD-04 )	Product type	SAVIN MP 7502SP				
LCA/LC	CIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	214	Package (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bro	eakdown of pi	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	ght (kg) Material name		Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	SUS	1.22E+01	1.22E+01 PCB		Press molding: Iron (kg)	1.56E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	2.08E+02
	Alminum	6.49E+00	Steel	1.44E+02	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	9.04E+00		
Product	Glass	1.13E+00	Wood	4.28E-04	Injection molding (kg)	4.13E+01		
2	Rubber	1.21E+00			Glass molding (kg)	2.34E+00		
_	Other metals	2.56E+00						
	Paper	2.14E+01						
	Thermoplastic	4.08E+01						
	Thermosetting	1.67E+00						
	Subtotal	8.74E+01	Subtotal	1.50E+02				
		Total		2.37E+02	Subtotal	2.08E+02	Subtotal	2.08E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> equivalent.

Ē	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)		
Suo	Quantity	8.99E+01	1.40E+02	4.01E-01	8.52E+01		
၁	Note						
	Classification	Water system					
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
Emi Sis	Quantity	2.25E+02					
	Note						

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

ion	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
Distributio	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
△	Quantity	2.38E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	1.18E+06	2.38E+02	6.00E+02	4.96E+01	2.87E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

<u>4.1 Pro</u>	duct and ac	cessories subje	ct to this analysi	S					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PBT (kg)
	Quantity	4.69E+00	1.93E+00	2.93E-05	1.71E+00	6.42E-02	2.31E-02	9.91E-06	4.46E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Polystyrene (kg)
	Quantity	4.26E-01	7.64E-01	2.02E+01	8.58E+01	9.17E-02	1.67E+00	2.36E+04	2.19E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
ಕ	Quantity	6.31E-02	4.50E-03	2.56E-01	2.79E-05	1.13E+06	2.46E+00	1.64E+01	1.54E+01
Product	Note								
F	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Material
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)
	Quantity	2.00E+00	2.37E+01	1.71E+00	6.23E+05	4.29E+01	6.66E+02	3.61E+00	2.98E+02
	Note								

Classification	Condition	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Condition	Condition
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
Quantity	1.21E+05	2.98E+02	1.64E+03	8.06E+00	1.53E+03	3.92E+01	7.30E+04	4.04E+04
Note								
Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition					
Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)					
Quantity	7.84E+03	2.14E+05	4.15E+04					
Note								

Note

## 4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	3.79E+03	2.03E+01	3.92E+01	5.96E+01	5.96E+01	4.47E+01	4.28E+01	2.93E-05
	Note								
les les	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)
ပ	Quantity	1.48E+01	1.86E+00	2.25E+01	2.64E-05	1.48E+01	1.86E+00	6.17E-02	2.25E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process						
	Distribution	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	6.17E-02	4.76E+04						
	Note								

Note

## 5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Landfill:  Distribution Industrial waste Shredding (kg) Incineration: Incineration to Industrial waste Industrial waste Industrial waste Industrial waste Industrial waste Industrial waste Incineration to Industrial waste Indust	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current
(kg) (kg) (landing (kg) (landi	with wind force) (kg)
Quantity         1.43E+01         2.15E+02         6.07E-01         2.13E+01         1.89E+05         5.54E-01         2.13E+02	6.65E+01
Note	
Classification         Process         Process         Process         Process         Process         Process         Deduction	Deduction
Distribution Distribution Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)  Recycle: to Cold-rolled steel (kg)  Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)  Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)  Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)  Recycle: to Copper plate to Copper plate (kg)  Glass (kg)  Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)
Quantity         5.81E+01         1.13E+00         1.46E+02         6.05E+00         7.53E+00         3.92E+01         1.11E+00	1.46E+02
Note	
Classification Deduction Deduction Deduction	
Distribution Aluminum plate (kg) Polystyrene (kg) Copper plate (kg)	
Quantity         6.05E+00         3.86E+01         7.53E+00	
Note	

Note

### 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.