Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

No. AD-14-E509 Date of publication Dec./5/2014

LANIER MP 7502SP

1.Printing Process : Electrophotographic (EP) Printing 2.Color : Monochrome

3.Print Speed : 75 prints/minute (LTR)

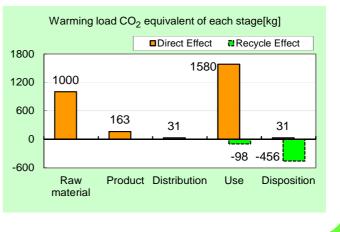
4.Maximum Paper Size : 11" x 17"

5.Included Units in Assessment : Automatic Document Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,375,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	2.81t
equivalent)	(2.26t)
Acidification (SO ₂	4.33kg
equivalent)	(3.60kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	55.6GJ
equivalent)	(46.2GJ)

% Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

• Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.

• This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type II category.



imagine. change.

Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email : envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



Document control no.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)

Unit Function DB version V2.1

F-02B-03



				028 00		U.I.I.		۷۲.۱		波口環境情報 http://www.jemai.or.jp	
	Produ	uct vendor	RICOH C	OMPAN	IY, LTD.	Characterizatio	on Factor DB version	v2.1		http://www.jeinal.or.jp	
E	coLeaf r	egistration no	AD	-14-E50	9				-		
	PC	R name	EP an	d IJ pri	nter	Product type			IP 7502SP		
		PCR ID	AD-04		Product weight (kg)	214	Package (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237	
	_							-		-	
In/Ou	ut items		Life Cycle Stage	Unit	Raw material	uction Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect	
Eno	ray Con	sumption		MJ	1.61E+04	3.04E+03	4.86E+02	3.59E+04	4 4.51E+01 -9.3		
Luei	igy con	sumption		Mcal	3.85E+03	7.27E+02	1.16E+02	8.57E+03	1.08E+01	-2.24E+03	
			Coal	kg	1.90E+02	2.08E+01	1.78E+00	1.65E+02	1.77E-01	-1.53E+02	
		Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.31E+02	2.35E+01	7.38E+00	3.05E+02	6.58E-01	-3.38E+01	
			LNG	kg	2.80E+01	1.07E+01	9.47E-01	8.64E+01	9.65E-02	-6.29E+00	
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.56E-03	1.41E-03	1.16E-04	9.42E-03	1.20E-05	1.22E-04	
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.83E+01	0	0	8.19E+01	0	-6.14E+01	
			Iron content of an ore	kg	1.54E+02	0	0	2.11E+01	0	-1.67E+02	
			Cu content of an ore	kg	1.50E+00	0	0	1.94E-02	0	-2.29E+00	
	<u>د</u>		Al content of an ore	kg	6.86E+00	0	0	2.04E+00	0	-8.36E+00	
	Resource Consumption from the environment	Exhaustible resources	Ni content of an ore	kg	1.93E+00	0	0	7.42E-01	0	-3.40E-03	
	ronr	aust	Cr content of an ore	kg	2.67E+00	0	0	1.01E+00	0	-6.20E-02	
	Con	reso	Mn content of an ore	kg	1.13E+00	0	0	2.31E-01	0	-1.45E-01	
	the e	Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.65E-01	0	0	1.57E-03	0	-1.86E-01	
	n uson		Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	fre fre		Zn content of an ore	kg	1.31E+00	0	0	1.55E-02	0	-1.83E+00	
			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
			Silica Sand	kg	4.27E+00	0	0	2.45E-01	0	-2.54E+00	
ses			Halite	kg	2.93E+01	0	0	2.15E+00	3.57E-03	-1.07E+00	
Inventory analyses			Limestone	kg	3.29E+01	0	0	4.83E+00	3.10E-01	-2.85E+01	
y ar		L	Natural soda ash	kg	2.33E-01	0	0	3.15E-06	0	-9.29E-02	
intor		Renewable resources	Wood	kg	4.71E+01	0	0	8.34E+01	0	0.00E+00	
Inve		resources	Water	kg	6.94E+04	1.60E+04	1.30E+03	1.56E+05	1.52E+02	-1.55E+04	
			CO ₂ SO _x	kg	9.84E+02	1.62E+02	3.11E+01	1.56E+03	3.10E+01	-5.42E+02	
			NO _x	kg	7.83E-01	1.23E-01	3.20E-02	1.11E+00	1.70E-02	-4.46E-01	
			NO _x N ₂ O	kg	1.11E+00	9.90E-02	2.80E-01	1.70E+00	5.05E-02	-4.15E-01	
				kg	7.24E-02	2.85E-03	4.64E-04 3.12E-04	8.72E-02 2.51E-02	5.63E-05 3.21E-05	-4.84E-02 4.81E-04	
		to Atmosphere	СП ₄ СО	kg	6.69E-03 1.84E-01	3.76E-03 2.40E-02	1.10E-01	2.98E-01	1.27E-05	-2.14E-02	
			NMVOC	kg kg	1.31E-02	7.37E-03	6.10E-01	4.92E-01	6.28E-05	9.40E-04	
	arge ient		C _x H _v	kg	3.55E-02	5.58E-04	5.52E-03	4.92E-02 3.87E-02	4.45E-04	-1.99E-02	
	sch		Dust	kg	1.39E-02	5.29E-03	2.21E-02	1.37E-02	3.18E-03	-8.76E-02	
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		BOD	kg	1.392-01	5.292-05	2.212-02	1.37 -01	3.102-03	-0.70L-02	
	ssio he e		COD	kg						-	
	t E	to Water system	N total	kg	-	-	-		-	-	
		to water system	P total	kg	-		-			-	
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-			
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	6.47E+00	0	0	2.87E+01	1.76E+01	-2.28E+00	
			Slag	kg kg	5.19E+01	0	0	6.91E+00	0	-5.25E+01	
		to Soil system	Sludge	kg	1.47E+01	0	0	4.39E+00	0	-1.79E+01	
			Low level radio-active waste	ka	1.79E-03	9.82E-04	8.14E-05	6.57E-03	8.36E-06	8.54E-05	
	a e		Energy resources (crude oil								
ent	sourc	Exhaustible	equivalent)	kg	3.08E+02	6.12E+01	1.06E+01	5.92E+02	9.86E-01	-1.38E+02	
ssm	by Resource Consumption	resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore	kg	2.22E+03	0	0	6.65E+02	0	-9.17E+02	
sse		-	equivalent)	Ng	2.222703	0	0	0.002+02	0	5.17 2+02	
Impact assessment	Emission/ scharge to the wironment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.00E+03	1.63E+02	3.12E+01	1.58E+03	3.10E+01	-5.55E+02	
Ē	by Em Discha th enviro		Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.56E+00	1.93E-01	2.28E-01	2.30E+00	5.24E-02	-7.37E-01	
_											

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

A. Stage related
A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

reuse Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore. B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel. C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III impact analyses Result of the "impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming"). A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion. B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

By Barker by Similar to the decimal point to two, should be used.
A Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
B indicate "0" instead exponential notation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
C indicate "1" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
(BQD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

 $(\mbox{Input}\ \mbox{data}\ \mbox{and}\ \mbox{parameters}\ \mbox{for}\ \mbox{LCA})$



Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-14-E509

		PCR name	EP	and IJ print	er(PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product t	ype			L	ANIER	MP 7502SP	
	LCA/I	CIA in units of:		1	product	Product weig	jht (kg)	214	Pa	ckage (kg)	23	Weight total (kg)	237
1.	Produ	ct information (p	per unit): pa	rts etc. by	material and by process/as	sembly me	thod						
- 1				Math br	eakdown of p	oarts, v	vhich need to	o apply F	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)			
- 1	Ŧ	Material na	ame N	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	F	rocess na	me	Weigh	t (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
		SUS		1.22E+01	PCB	5.56E+00	Р	Press molding: Iron (kg) 1.56E-		+02	Parts assembly (kg)	2.08E+02	
		Alminur	n	6.49E+00	Steel	1.44E+02		ress moldi errous met	molding: s metal (kg) 9.04E		+00		
- 1	luct	Glass		1.13E+00	Wood	4.28E-04	Injec	Injection molding (kg) 4.		g) 4.13E	+01		
- 1	rod	Rubbei		1.21E+00			Gla	ss molding	g (kg)	2.34E	+00		
- 1	٩	Other met	als	2.56E+00									
- 1		Paper		2.14E+01									
- 1		Thermopla	istic	4.08E+01									
- 1		Thermoset	ting	1.67E+00									
- 1		Subtota	tal 8.74E+01 Subtotal 1.50E+02										
				Total		2.37E+02		Subtotal		2.08E	+02	Subtotal	2.08E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

Ę	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)		
suo	Quantity	8.99E+01	1.40E+02	4.01E-01	8.52E+01		
S	Note						
	Classification	Water system					
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
Emi	Quantity	2.25E+02					
	Note						

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

istribution	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg · km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg+km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg⋅km)
ā	Quantity	2.38E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	1.18E+06	2.38E+02	6.00E+02	4.96E+01	2.87E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

			et to this analysi	-					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PBT (kg)
	Quantity	4.69E+00	1.93E+00	2.93E-05	1.71E+00	6.42E-02	2.31E-02	9.91E-06	4.46E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Polystyrene (kg)
	Quantity	4.26E-01	7.64E-01	2.02E+01	8.58E+01	9.17E-02	1.67E+00	2.36E+04	2.19E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
t	Quantity	6.31E-02	4.50E-03	2.56E-01	2.79E-05	1.13E+06	2.46E+00	1.64E+01	1.54E+01
Product	Note								
Pre	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Material
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Freight by rail (kg · km)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)
	Quantity	2.00E+00	2.37E+01	1.71E+00	6.23E+05	4.29E+01	6.66E+02	3.61E+00	2.98E+02
	Note								

Ī	Classification	Condition	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Condition	Condition
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Freight by rail (kg · km)
	Quantity	1.21E+05	2.98E+02	1.64E+03	8.06E+00	1.53E+03	3.92E+01	7.30E+04	4.04E+04
	Note								
Ī	Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition					
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)					
	Quantity	7.84E+03	2.14E+05	4.15E+04					
1	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	3.79E+03	2.03E+01	3.92E+01	5.96E+01	5.96E+01	4.47E+01	4.28E+01	2.93E-05
	Note								
les	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)
S	Quantity	1.48E+01	1.86E+00	2.25E+01	2.64E-05	1.48E+01	1.86E+00	6.17E-02	2.25E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process						
	Distribution	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)						
	Quantity	6.17E-02	4.76E+04						
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)
	Quantity	1.43E+01	2.15E+02	6.07E-01	2.13E+01	1.89E+05	5.54E-01	2.13E+02	6.65E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)
	Quantity	5.81E+01	1.13E+00	1.46E+02	6.05E+00	7.53E+00	3.92E+01	1.11E+00	1.46E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction					
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Copper plate (kg)					
	Quantity	6.05E+00	3.86E+01	7.53E+00					
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.