Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



No. AD-15-E554 Date of publication Feb./27/2015

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

RICOH imagine. change.



Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



The photo shows the product with the optional units (%) attached. The environmental loads of the optional units are not included in the results.

SAVIN MP 3554SPG

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

2.Color: Monochrome

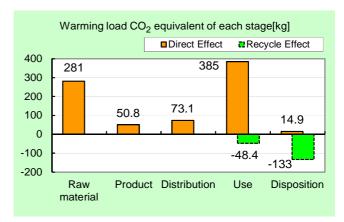
3.Print Speed: 35 prints/minute (LTR)
4.Maximum Paper Size: 12" x 18"

5.Included Units in Assessment : Automatic Reversing Document Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 729,600 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	804kg
equivalent)	(623kg)
Acidification (SO ₂	1.34kg
equivalent)	(1.12kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	16.1GJ
equivalent)	(12.1GJ)

% Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- •Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-E554

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	SAVIN MP 3554SPG				
PCR ID	AD-04 Product weight (kg)		68.5	Package (kg)	13.1	Weight total (kg)	81.6

	- H. G. J. G.						•	•	•	•	
	_			Life Cycle Stage	11. 2	Produ	uction	D: () (D: 31	December offerst
In/O	ut items				Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
_					MJ	5.32E+03	9.37E+02	1.00E+03	8.83E+03	1.47E+01	-4.03E+03
Ene	rgy Con	sumption	า		Mcal	1.27E+03	2.24E+02	2.39E+02	2.11E+03	3.52E+00	-9.62E+02
				Coal	kg	4.31E+01	6.58E+00	6.13E-01	3.77E+01	8.70E-02	-3.38E+01
				Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	4.67E+01	7.36E+00	2.07E+01	8.03E+01	1.61E-01	-2.04E+01
		Ene	ergy	LNG	kg	7.50E+00	3.21E+00	6.06E-01	1.91E+01	4.49E-02	-1.44E+00
				Uranium content of an ore	kg	6.42E-04	4.33E-04	4.02E-05	1.95E-03	5.88E-06	3.68E-05
				Crude oil (for material)	kg	2.70E+01	0	0	2.85E+01	0	-4.42E+01
				Iron content of an ore	kg	3.41E+01	0	0	9.46E+00	0	-3.94E+01
				Cu content of an ore	kg	6.70E-01	0	0	1.24E-01	0	-9.29E-01
				Al content of an ore	kg	6.17E-01	0	0	4.51E-01	0	-1.01E+00
	io t	0		Ni content of an ore	kg	1.56E-01	0	0	5.99E-03	0	-8.02E-04
	mpt	Exhaustible resources		Cr content of an ore	kg	2.23E-01	0	0	1.14E-02	0	-1.46E-02
	nsu	sour	Material	Mn content of an ore	kg	2.06E-01	0	0	5.11E-02	0	-3.42E-02
	S C			Pb content of an ore	kg	5.64E-02	0	0	1.01E-02	0	-7.55E-02
	urce	Ma		Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource Consumption from the environment			Zn content of an ore	kg	5.68E-01	0	0	9.89E-02	0	-7.42E-01
	~ ~			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Silica Sand	kg	4.98E+00	0	0	1.46E-01	0	-1.67E+00
				Halite	kg	2.21E+01	0	0	7.06E-01	1.53E-03	-4.43E-01
yses				Limestone	kg	7.34E+00	0	0	1.98E+00	1.44E-01	-7.03E+00
ana j				Natural soda ash	kg	1.46E-01	0	0	0.00E+00	0	-1.33E-01
2		Renewat	ماد	Wood	ka	2.46E+01	0	0	1.80E+01	0	0.00E+00
Inventory analyses		resources		Water	kg	1.40E+04	5.26E+03	4.49E+02	3.39E+04	7.48E+01	-1.94E+03
≥				CO ₂	kg	2.74E+02	5.06E+01	6.99E+01	3.78E+02	1.48E+01	-1.75E+02
				SO _v	kg	1.93E-01	3.83E-02	4.02E-02	2.52E-01	7.77E-03	-9.47E-02
		-		NO _x	kg	3.49E-01	3.21E-02	2.59E-01	4.91E-01	1.69E-02	-1.78E-01
				N ₂ O	kg	2.46E-02	6.38E-04	1.17E-02	2.56E-02	1.70E-05	-2.31E-02
		to Atmos	nhara	CH₄	kg	1.70E-03	1.16E-03	1.07E-04	5.20E-03	1.57E-05	1.19E-04
		to Atmos	priere	CO	kg	4.45E-02	7.77E-03	5.76E-02	8.34E-02	3.10E-03	9.97E-03
	0			NMVOC	kg	3.33E-03	2.27E-03	2.10E-04	1.02E-02	3.08E-05	2.32E-04
	arge			C _x H _v	kg	1.22E-02	1.95E-04	8.51E-03	1.30E-02	5.82E-05	-9.68E-03
	isch			Dust	kg	4.26E-02	2.02E-03	2.60E-02	4.37E-02	9.54E-04	-3.29E-02
	S is			BOD	kg	4.20L-02	2.02L-03	2.00L-02	4.37 L-02	3.34L-04	-3.29L-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment			COD	kg	-	-				
	to t	to Water s	vstem	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
		TVAICE S	,3(0111	P total	kg kg	-	-	-	-		
				SS	kg	-				-	
				Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	2.81E+00	0	0	7.68E+00	5.75E+00	-3.12E-01
				Slag	kg	1.42E+01	0	0	3.19E+00	0	-1.28E+01
		to Soil sy	stem	Sludge	ka	1.32E+00	0	0	9.68E-01	0	-2.17E+00
				Low level radio-active waste	ka	4.52E-04	3.03E-04	2.81E-05	1.36E-03	4.11E-06	2.58E-05
	0 C			Energy resources (crude oil							
ţ	source	Exhaustil		equivalent)	kg	8.86E+01	1.90E+01	2.22E+01	1.43E+02	3.19E-01	-4.35E+01
sessme	by Resource Consumption	resource	S	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	3.85E+02	0	0	6.91E+01	0	-3.46E+02
Impact assessment	by Emission/ Discharge to the environment	to Atmos	phere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	2.81E+02	5.08E+01	7.31E+01	3.85E+02	1.49E+01	-1.82E+02
-	by Emiss Discharg the environm	5 7 1111.00	r	Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	4.37E-01	6.08E-02	2.22E-01	5.96E-01	1.96E-02	-2.19E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- L. Stage related

 A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

 (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

 (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

 B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

Tectain/parts reuse.

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
 A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
 C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses
Result of the "impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").
A impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
B. impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- B. Impact by survivolving the second point to two, should be used.

 A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

 B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate "-- If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

 (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

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Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-15-E554



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	SAVIN MP 3554SPG				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	68.5	Package (kg)	13.1	Weight total (kg)	81.6

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bre	eakdown of pi	rimary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	SUS	9.83E-01	PCB	8.26E-01	Press molding: Iron (kg)	3.33E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	6.92E+01
	Aluminum	5.84E-01	Steel	3.23E+01	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	2.64E+00		
ct	Glass	1.62E+00			Injection molding (kg)	3.09E+01		
Product	Rubber	2.46E-01			Glass molding (kg)	1.86E+00		
	Other metals	2.06E+00						
	Paper	1.14E+01						
	Thermoplastic	3.08E+01						
	Thermosetting	7.86E-01						
	Subtotal	4.85E+01	Subtotal	3.31E+01				
		Total		8.16E+01	Subtotal	6.87E+01	Subtotal	6.92E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

 ${\rm SOx}$ and ${\rm NOx}$ should be indicated in ${\rm SO_2},\,{\rm NO_2}$ equivalent.

no	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	
onsumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace coal (kg)	Kerosene as fuel (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	
ons	Quantity	2.49E+01	1.72E-01	1.23E-01	8.33E+01	7.02E-03	3.15E+02	
Ö	Note							
\ n	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
Emi	Quantity	3.99E+02						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
tribution	Quantity	8.16E+01	6.40E+01	3.90E+01	1.34E+04	8.16E+01	1.33E+04	1.00E+02	1.09E+06
ΙĦ	Note								
Distrib	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	8.16E+01	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	4.07E+05	8.16E+01	6.00E+02	3.90E+01	1.26E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

1. I FIU	uuci anu at	cessories subje	ct to this analysi	5					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	ABS (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)
	Quantity	3.67E-02	4.27E-01	2.51E-01	4.11E-01	8.46E+00	2.33E-01	1.14E-01	4.79E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)
	Quantity	7.51E+00	3.32E-02	2.11E+01	8.54E-01	5.61E+00	7.15E-03	1.09E-02	1.70E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene as fuel (kg)
	Quantity	7.42E+00	7.26E+00	8.37E-01	1.49E+01	2.51E-01	2.32E+01	1.19E+02	7.39E-01
	Note								

	Classification	Condition	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
	Quantity	2.52E+04	2.11E-01	3.10E+01	3.10E+01	3.25E+02	4.40E+00	2.66E+05	1.47E+05
	Note								
	Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Product	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
	Quantity	2.86E+04	1.62E+03	1.70E+04	9.43E+03	1.83E+03	2.39E+03	3.09E+05	1.16E+05
	Note								
	Classification	Condition							
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)							
	Quantity	2.25E+04							
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
les	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)
labl	Quantity	5.19E+00	8.18E+02	8.45E+00	2.72E+01	2.72E+01	2.02E+01	1.94E+01	6.97E+00
Consumables	Note								
Ö	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process
ပ	Distribution	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)
	Quantity	4.10E-01	3.94E-01	1.42E+01	6.97E+00	4.10E-01	3.94E-01	1.42E+01	2.18E+04
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	4.08E+00	7.02E+01	1.02E-01	1.08E+01	5.61E+04	1.05E+03	8.72E-01	6.76E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	3.65E+01	3.41E+01	1.62E+00	3.10E+01	5.45E-01	2.69E+00	3.01E+01	1.58E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	3.10E+01	5.45E-01	2.69E+00	2.93E+01				
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.