Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



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EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

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Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp



The photo shows the product with the optional units (X) attached. The environmental loads of the optional units are not included in the results.

LANIER MP 4054SP

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

2.Color: Monochrome

3.Print Speed: 40 prints/minute (Letter / A4)

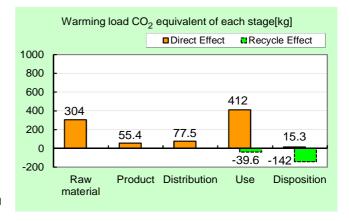
4.Maximum Paper Size : 11" x 17" (Bypass Tray: 12" x 18") 5.Included Units in Assessment: Single Pass Document

Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 960,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂	864kg
equivalent)	(683kg)
Acidification (SO ₂	1.42kg
equivalent)	(1.21kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	17.4GJ
equivalent)	(13.5GJ)

*Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect



- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- •Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf data collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-E591

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	LANIER MP 4054SP				
PCR ID	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	74.0	Package (kg)	13.2	Weight total (kg)	87.2

	_		Life Cycle Stage		Produ	uction				
In/O	ut items			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
				MJ	5.61E+03	1.03E+03	1.06E+03	9.67E+03	1.51E+01	-3.91E+03
Ene	rgy Con:	sumption		Mcal	1.34E+03	2.45E+02	2.53E+02	2.31E+03	3.62E+00	-9.33E+02
			Coal	kg	4.94E+01	7.19E+00	6.55E-01	3.96E+01	8.95E-02	-3.62E+01
			Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	4.83E+01	8.03E+00	2.20E+01	8.75E+01	1.66E-01	-1.91E+01
		Energy	LNG	kg kg	7.96E+00	3.51E+00	6.45E-01	2.15E+01	4.62E-02	-1.31E+00
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	6.96E-04	4.73E-04	4.29E-05	2.22E-03	6.05E-06	4.00E-05
					2.65E+01	0	0	2.99E+01	0.03E-00	-4.14E+01
			Crude oil (for material)	kg		0	0	7.15E+00	0	-4.14E+01 -4.25E+01
			Iron content of an ore	kg	3.96E+01	0	0		0	
			Cu content of an ore	kg	8.15E-01			7.66E-02		-1.04E+00
	E -		Al content of an ore	kg	6.30E-01	0	0	3.73E-01	0	-9.46E-01
	ptio nen1	Exhaustible resources	Ni content of an ore	kg	1.62E-01	0	0	4.65E-03	0	-8.66E-04
	uu o	unsti	Cr content of an ore	kg	2.32E-01	0	0	8.75E-03	0	-1.58E-02
	Son	xha	Mn content of an ore	kg	2.36E-01	0	0	3.87E-02	0	-3.69E-02
	ce (Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	6.62E-02	0	0	6.23E-03	0	-8.47E-02
	m #	111111111	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource Consumption from the environment		Zn content of an ore	kg	6.51E-01	0	0	6.12E-02	0	-8.32E-01
			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	6.19E+00	0	0	1.06E-01	0	-1.82E+00
S			Halite	kg	2.14E+01	0	0	5.96E-01	1.58E-03	-4.65E-01
Inventory analyses			Limestone	kg	8.45E+00	0	0	1.51E+00	1.48E-01	-7.59E+00
ana			Natural soda ash	kg	1.59E-01	0	0	0.00E+00	0	-1.44E-01
S S		Renewable	Wood	kg	2.52E+01	0	0	1.50E+01	0	0.00E+00
ent		resources	Water	kg	1.57E+04	5.73E+03	4.80E+02	3.90E+04	7.69E+01	-1.80E+03
≦			CO ₂	kg	2.97E+02	5.52E+01	7.41E+01	4.04E+02	1.53E+01	-1.76E+02
			SO _v	kg	2.15E-01	4.19E-02	4.22E-02	2.72E-01	7.99E-03	-9.18E-02
			NO _v	kg	3.68E-01	3.50E-02	2.68E-01	5.11E-01	1.74E-02	-1.65E-01
			N ₂ O	kg	2.57E-02	7.05E-04	1.25E-02	2.70E-02	1.76E-05	-2.20E-02
		to Atmosphere		kg	1.84E-03	1.27E-03	1.15E-04	5.93E-03	1.62E-05	1.26E-04
		to / timosphere	CO	kg	5.00E-02	8.49E-03	5.79E-02	8.75E-02	3.19E-03	1.01E-02
	0		NMVOC	kg	3.60E-03	2.48E-03	2.25E-04	1.16E-02	3.17E-05	2.46E-04
	arge		C _x H _v	kg	1.27E-02	2.13E-04	8.92E-03	1.35E-02	5.99E-05	-9.23E-03
	sch		Dust	kg	4.59E-02	2.21E-03	2.71E-02	4.50E-02	9.82E-04	-3.18E-02
	P. P.				4.59E-02	2.216-03	2.716-02	4.50E-02	9.021-04	-3. IOE-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		BOD COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Imis to t	to Water system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
		to water system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				kg		-	-	7.405.00	-	
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	2.74E+00	0	0	7.10E+00	6.06E+00	-2.96E-01
		to Soil system	Slag	kg	1.68E+01	0	0	2.37E+00	0	-1.38E+01
			Sludge	kg	1.35E+00	0	0	8.01E-01	0	-2.03E+00
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	4.90E-04	3.31E-04	3.00E-05	1.55E-03	4.23E-06	2.80E-05
aut	by Resource Consumption	Exhaustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	9.53E+01	2.07E+01	2.35E+01	1.57E+02	3.28E-01	-4.35E+01
sessme		resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	4.32E+02	0	0	5.19E+01	0	-3.82E+02
Impact assessment	by Emission/ Discharge to the environment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	3.04E+02	5.54E+01	7.75E+01	4.12E+02	1.53E+01	-1.81E+02
드	by Em Discha th enviro		Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	4.72E-01	6.64E-02	2.30E-01	6.30E-01	2.01E-02	-2.07E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- L. Stage related

 A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

 (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

 (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

 B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

Tectain/parts reuse.

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
 A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
 B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
 C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- III Impact analyses
 Result of the "impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").
 A impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
 B. impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- B. Impact by survivolving the second point to two, should be used.

 A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

 B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

 C. Indicate "-- If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

 (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative

Product data sheet

 $({\bf Input\ data\ and\ parameters\ for\ LCA})$

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-15-E591



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	LANIER MP 4054SP				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	74.0	Package (kg)	13.2	Weight total (kg)	87.2

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bro	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	1.02E+00	Thermosetting resin	7.38E-01	Press molding: Iron (kg)	3.86E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	7.42E+01
	Aluminum	5.96E-01	Electronic circuit board	9.67E-01	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	3.07E+00		
ct	Paper	1.17E+01			Injection molding (kg)	3.00E+01		
Product	Other metals	2.48E+00			Glass molding (kg)	1.96E+00		
곱	Ordinary steel	3.75E+01						
	Glass	1.75E+00						
	Thermoplastic resin	3.04E+01						
	Rubber	2.12E-01						
	Subtotal	8.55E+01	Subtotal	1.71E+00				
		Total		8.72E+01	Subtotal	7.37E+01	Subtotal	7.42E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

 ${\rm SOx}$ and ${\rm NOx}$ should be indicated in ${\rm SO_2},\,{\rm NO_2}$ equivalent.

no	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	
onsumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace coal (kg)	Kerosene as fuel (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	
ous	Quantity	2.85E+01	1.86E-01	1.23E-01	8.78E+01	1.05E-02	3.32E+02	
Ö	Note							
\ A	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
Emi	Quantity	4.20E+02						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
.ie	Quantity	8.72E+01	6.40E+01	4.17E+01	1.34E+04	8.72E+01	1.33E+04	1.00E+02	1.16E+06
重	Note								
Distrib	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	8.72E+01	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	4.35E+05	8.72E+01	6.00E+02	4.17E+01	1.26E+05
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

. 1 1 10	duct and ac	cessories subje	CL TO THIS arialysi	3					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)
	Quantity	2.85E-02	3.53E-01	2.12E-01	2.54E-01	7.05E+00	1.97E-01	1.70E-03	9.61E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)
	Quantity	4.05E-01	6.37E+00	2.62E+01	7.18E-01	4.93E+00	5.97E-03	9.18E-03	1.15E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene as fue (kg)
	Quantity	5.74E+00	5.34E+00	6.07E-01	1.28E+01	2.12E-01	1.89E+01	1.47E+02	6.16E-01
	Note								

	Classification	Condition	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
	Quantity	2.84E+04	2.62E-01	2.58E+01	2.58E+01	3.72E+02	4.40E+00	2.99E+05	1.66E+05
	Note								
	Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Product	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)
	Quantity	3.21E+04	1.35E+03	1.42E+04	7.85E+03	1.52E+03	1.96E+03	2.53E+05	9.45E+04
	Note								
	Classification	Condition							
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)							
	Quantity	1.83E+04							
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
les	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)
Consumables	Quantity	5.17E+00	6.82E+02	7.04E+00	2.31E+01	2.31E+01	1.80E+01	1.74E+01	5.13E+00
Sur	Note								
Ö	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process
S	Distribution	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)
	Quantity	3.39E-01	2.44E-01	1.23E+01	5.13E+00	3.39E-01	2.44E-01	1.23E+01	1.85E+04
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	4.34E+00	7.52E+01	1.02E-01	1.11E+01	6.01E+04	1.08E+03	9.02E-01	7.24E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	3.65E+01	3.36E+01	1.75E+00	3.59E+01	5.56E-01	3.21E+00	2.93E+01	1.72E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	3.59E+01	5.56E-01	3.21E+00	2.84E+01				
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.