# Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

No. AD-15-E641 Date of publication Jul./6/2015



# **SAVIN Pro C7100 Pro80**

1.Printing Process: Electrophotographic (EP) Printing

**2.Color**: Monochrome and Full-color **3.Print Speed**: 80 prints/minute (LTR)

4.Maximum Paper Size: 13" x 49" (bypass tray or LCIT)
5.Included Units in Assessment: Automatic Duplexing Unit

The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,840,000 images for five years.

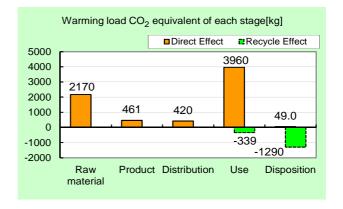


Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub>	7.06t
equivalent)	(5.43t)
Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub>	11.8kg
equivalent)	(9.35kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	137GJ
equivalent)	(109GJ)

%Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect
\*note3





## Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

# [Supplemental environmental information]

- •Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta \*

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

# Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-E641

Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	SAVIN Pro C7100 Pro80				
PCR ID	AD-04 Product weight (kg)		558	Package (kg)	53	Weight total (kg)	611
	Life Cycle Stage	Prod	uction				5

			Life Cycle Stage	11.5	Prod	uction	51.11.11		B	D 1 " 1
In/Ou	ut items			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
Ene	ray Cons	sumption		MJ	3.28E+04	8.60E+03	5.80E+03	8.95E+04	4.82E+01	-2.78E+04
	igy con	Jampaon		Mcal	7.83E+03	2.05E+03	1.39E+03	2.14E+04	1.15E+01	-6.65E+03
			Coal	kg	5.02E+02	5.77E+01	4.58E+00	3.06E+02	2.91E-01	-4.33E+02
		Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	2.16E+02	6.53E+01	1.18E+02	7.83E+02	5.17E-01	-1.08E+02
		Lileigy	LNG	kg	5.44E+01	3.19E+01	3.97E+00	2.82E+02	1.50E-01	-2.26E+01
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	3.37E-03	3.90E-03	3.00E-04	1.78E-02	1.96E-05	2.90E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	6.61E+01	0	0	3.07E+02	0	-1.82E+02
			Iron content of an ore	kg	4.40E+02	0	0	4.50E+01	0	-4.55E+02
			Cu content of an ore	kg	5.62E+00	0	0	2.97E-02	0	-6.79E+00
	_		Al content of an ore	kg	2.96E+01	0	0	2.20E+00	0	-2.97E+01
	otion	9 S	Ni content of an ore	kg	2.23E+00	0	0	2.04E-01	0	-9.27E-03
	d m	Exhaustible	Cr content of an ore	kg	3.17E+00	0	0	2.92E-01	0	-1.69E-01
	ons	s xhai	Mn content of an ore	kg	2.69E+00	0	0	2.72E-01	0	-3.95E-01
	S e C	Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	5.79E-01	0	0	5.41E-03	0	-5.51E-01
	m th	iviateriai	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Resource Consumption from the environment		Zn content of an ore	kg	5.31E+00	0	0	7.29E-02	0	-5.42E+00
			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	1.95E+01	0	0	1.88E+00	0	-8.80E+00
SS			Halite	kg	4.52E+01	0	0	5.68E+00	5.91E-03	-4.10E+00
alyse			Limestone	kg	8.95E+01	0	0	1.08E+01	4.78E-01	-7.82E+01
ane			Natural soda ash	kg	4.20E-01	0	0	1.54E-01	0	-4.52E-01
tory		Renewable	Wood	kg	8.14E+01	0	0	2.31E+02	0	0.00E+00
Inventory analyses		resources	Water	kg	1.24E+05	4.50E+04	3.36E+03	3.53E+05	2.50E+02	-5.62E+04
드			CO <sub>2</sub>	kg	2.13E+03	4.56E+02	4.04E+02	3.80E+03	4.90E+01	-1.59E+03
			SO <sub>x</sub>	kg	2.14E+00	3.42E-01	2.60E-01	2.27E+00	2.56E-02	-1.51E+00
			NO <sub>x</sub>	kg	2.42E+00	2.84E-01	1.92E+00	5.04E+00	5.41E-02	-1.39E+00
			N <sub>2</sub> O	kg	1.55E-01	1.54E-02	6.02E-02	5.96E-01	6.52E-05	-1.50E-01
		to Atmosphere	CH <sub>4</sub>	kg	8.41E-03	1.04E-02	8.03E-04	4.76E-02	5.26E-05	1.33E-03
			CO	kg	5.04E-01	6.77E-02	5.31E-01	7.54E-01	9.58E-03	-1.04E-01
	eg t		NMVOC	kg	1.65E-02	2.04E-02	1.57E-03	9.31E-02	1.03E-04	2.59E-03
	har		C <sub>x</sub> H <sub>y</sub>	kg	7.44E-02	2.74E-03	5.51E-02	1.81E-01	1.64E-04	-6.07E-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		Dust	kg	3.32E-01	1.47E-02	1.80E-01	4.06E-01	3.01E-03	-2.69E-01
	ion/l env		BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	niss		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	파 t	to Water system	N total	kg	-	1	-	-	-	-
			P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	1.48E+01	0	0	7.00E+01	5.46E+01	-8.05E+00
		to Coil ovet	Slag	kg	1.56E+02	0	0	1.39E+01	0	-1.44E+02
		to Soil system	Sludge	kg	6.35E+01	0	0	4.71E+00	0	-6.38E+01
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	2.36E-03	2.72E-03	2.10E-04	1.24E-02	1.37E-05	2.03E-04
ent	by Resource Consumption	Exhaustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	6.32E+02	1.73E+02	1.29E+02	1.47E+03	1.04E+00	-4.11E+02
sessme	by Res Consu	resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	6.14E+03	0	0	4.05E+02	0	-2.69E+03
Impact assessment	mission/ harge to the	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	2.17E+03	4.61E+02	4.20E+02	3.96E+03	4.90E+01	-1.63E+03
<u>L</u>	by Emissior Discharge t the environmer	to Atmosphere	Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	3.83E+00	5.41E-01	1.60E+00	5.80E+00	6.34E-02	-2.48E+00

# [Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- L Stage related
  A. Production' stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

  (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

  (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

  B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
  A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
  B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
  C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- Ill Impact analyses

  Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").

  A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

  B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

# IV Data entry format

- V ALE sentral invalidation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

  B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

  C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

  (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

# **Product data sheet**

 $({\bf Input\ data\ and\ parameters\ for\ LCA})$ 

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-15-E641



PCR name	EP and IJ printer ( PCR-ID : AD-04 )	Product type	SAVIN Pro C7100 Pro80				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	558	Package (kg)	53	Weight total (kg)	611

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bro	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	1.41E+01	Electronic circuit board	6.70E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	4.32E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	5.56E+02
	Aluminum	2.80E+01	Ordinary steel	4.18E+02	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	4.53E+01		
ct	Glass	3.66E+00	Clean water	7.41E+00	Injection molding (kg)	6.86E+01		
Product	Rubber	3.02E+00			Glass molding (kg)	6.67E+00		
	Other metals	1.73E+01						
	Paper	3.77E+01						
	Thermoplastic resin	7.06E+01						
	Thermosetting resin	4.27E+00						
	Subtotal	1.79E+02	Subtotal	4.32E+02				
		Total		6.11E+02	Subtotal	5.52E+02	Subtotal	5.56E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> equivalent.

듬	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Energy		
onsumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )		
	Quantity	2.65E+02	2.49E+02	1.25E+00	1.02E+03	2.30E+00		
၁	Note							
` a	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
E Si	Quantity	1.27E+03						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship
	transportation	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
bution	Quantity	6.11E+02	1.52E+02	4.89E+01	1.90E+05	6.11E+02	9.02E+03	1.00E+02	5.51E+06
ΙĦ	Note								
Distrik	Means of	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:
is i	transportation	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	6.11E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	3.05E+06	6.11E+02	6.00E+02	3.34E+01	1.10E+06
	Note								
Noto					•			•	•

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	ABS (kg)
	Quantity	1.29E+00	2.08E+00	1.84E+00	1.56E+00	9.85E-02	4.09E-02	1.09E+02	3.40E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)
	Quantity	8.91E-01	3.39E+00	5.35E+01	2.06E+01	2.83E+02	5.62E+00	2.49E-01	3.34E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Hot Dipped steel plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)
	Quantity	2.27E-02	1.45E-01	1.16E-01	1.59E+00	6.16E-01	4.08E+01	3.75E+01	2.22E+00
	Note			·					

	Classification	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Condition	Energy
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )
	Quantity	7.35E+04	1.23E+02	3.40E+00	1.66E+02	1.19E+03	5.66E+01	3.51E+06	5.71E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Product	Distribution	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)
	Quantity	2.51E+02	2.51E+02	2.81E+03	6.60E+00	1.94E+06	3.77E+05	1.29E+03	6.15E+04
	Note								
	Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition		
	Distribution	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)		
	Quantity	3.40E+04	6.60E+03	4.08E+04	1.50E+06	8.29E+05	1.61E+05		
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.05E+04	4.33E+01	1.09E+02	2.01E+02	1.99E+02	1.63E+02	1.61E+02	1.84E+00
	Note								
seles	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	3.60E+01	1.99E+00	1.34E-01	1.18E+02	1.80E+00	3.60E+01	1.99E+00	1.34E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	1.18E+02	1.61E+05						
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	4.90E+01	5.69E+02	3.96E-01	3.56E+01	4.56E+05	3.45E+03	1.05E+00	5.64E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.61E+02	1.19E+02	3.66E+00	4.03E+02	2.61E+01	2.24E+01	6.47E+01	3.58E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	4.03E+02	2.61E+01	2.24E+01	6.37E+01				
	Note								

Note

# 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.