製品環境情報

Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



No. AD-16-E787 Date of publication Aug./17/2016

EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

TOSHIBA

Leading Innovation >>>

TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION

Corporate Quality & Environmental Group

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C-STUDIO 7508A

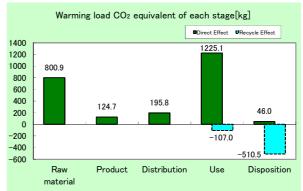
- Marking tecnologies : Electrophotographic Printer(EP)
- ■Color: Monochrome(B/W)
- Printing Speed: 75 LTR Pages per minutes
- Maximum Paper Size : LD Duplex copying : Standard

The number of copies when used for 5 years is 3,375,000



Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	2,392kg (1,775kg)
Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	4.094kg (3.278kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	46,409MJ (36,377MJ)

% Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3



Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf_jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- •Certified to the international ENERGY STAR Program V2.0, EU RoHS
- Manufactured at ISO14001 certified factories

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

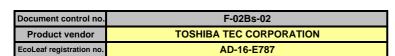
Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2006 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiromi Horikawa

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

The Ecoleaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

^{*} In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)





PCR name	EP and IJ print	er	Product type	TOSHIBA MFP e-STUDIO7508A				
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	194.6	Package (kg)	23.9	Weight total (kg)	218.5	

				Life Cycle Stage		Produ	uction	B1 - 11 - 11		B	Recycle
In/O	ut iten	ns			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
			oray C	Consumption	MJ	1.34E+04	2.21E+03	2.65E+03	2.80E+04	1.49E+02	-1.00E+04
			iergy C	onsumption	Mcal	3.21E+03	5.27E+02	6.34E+02	6.68E+03	3.55E+01	-2.40E+03
			ses	Coal	kg	1.44E+02	1.59E+01	6.20E-03	1.37E+02	4.06E-01	-1.38E+02
			inos:	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.12E+02	1.82E+01	5.79E+01	2.14E+02	2.49E+00	-7.15E+01
			gy re	LNG	ka	2.14E+01	7.93E+00	8.95E-01	7.35E+01	2.36E-01	-1.08E+01
			Energy	Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.02E-03	1.07E-03	4.20E-07	8.05E-03	2.75E-05	-7.96E-04
	Ē			Crude oil (for material)	kg	4.51E+01	0	0	5.63E+01	0	-3.57E+01
	Consumption	w		Iron content of an ore	kg	1.32E+02	0	0	1.88E+01	0	-1.44E+02
	ш	Exhaustible resources		Cu content of an ore	kg	2.96E+00	0	0	0	0	-1.52E+00
	su	ğ		Al content of an ore	kg	2.50E+00	0	0	1.20E+00	0	-3.19E+00
	on	SSC	Ś	Ni content of an ore	kg	5.31E-01	0	0	7.49E-03	0	-5.31E-01
	O	5 6	e C	C content of an ore	kg	7.62E-01	0	0	1.66E-02	0	-7.69E-01
	Ce	ple	ᇫ	Mn content of an ore	kg	7.51E-01	0	0	1.01E-01	0	-1.73E-01
	nc	sti	resources	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.48E-01	0	0	0	0	-1.24E-01
	mpact by Resource	an	=	Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ř	봈	Mineral	Zn content of an ore	kg	1.45E+00	0	0	0	0	-1.21E+00
	by	ш	Ĕ	Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ij		2	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	ра			Silica Sand	kg	4.88E+00	0	0	2.29E-01	0	-3.52E+00
anaiyses	느			Halite	kg	2.32E+01	4.81E-07	0	4.14E-01	2.48E-02	-1.18E+01
ā.				Limestone	kg	2.71E+01	0	0	4.61E+00	1.61E+00	-2.55E+01
				Natural soda ash	kg	3.26E-01	0	0	8.39E-04	0	-2.51E-01
5				Wood	kg	5.62E+01	0	0	3.97E+01	0	-9.52E+01
nventory			į	Water	kg	5.02E+04	1.20E+04	4.67E+00	1.20E+05	3.32E+02	-2.95E+04
Ve	nt			CO2	kg	7.85E+02	1.24E+02	1.88E+02	1.21E+03	4.59E+01	-6.06E+02
_⊆	me		d)	Sox	kg	4.81E-01	9.40E-02	1.29E-01	8.71E-01	2.81E-02	-3.52E-01
	uo.		e	Nox	kg	8.55E-01	7.53E-02	1.15E+00	1.34E+00	1.36E-01	-6.62E-01
	Ξ		덚	N2O	kg	5.68E-02	1.76E-03	2.80E-02	5.53E-02	2.55E-04	-4.19E-02
	ē	to Atmosphere		CH4	kg	5.36E-03	2.86E-03	1.12E-06	2.15E-02	7.35E-05	-2.07E-03
	the		Ħ	CO	kg	1.16E-01	1.83E-02	3.49E-01	2.89E-01	3.91E-02	-1.02E-01
	to		0	NMVOC	kg	1.05E-02	5.62E-03	2.20E-06	4.21E-02	1.44E-04	-4.04E-03
	rge		÷	СхНу	kg	2.89E-02	3.68E-04	3.08E-02	2.72E-02	1.79E-03	-2.29E-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment			Dust	kg	1.03E-01	4.08E-03	1.04E-01	1.04E-01	6.90E-03	-8.89E-02
	isc	E .	nain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	syst	ф	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	siol	to Water system	o Water domain	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	nis	- Wa	Wa	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
		ţ.	\$	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	by		system	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	5.67E+00	3.13E-06	0	2.36E+00	2.07E+00	-3.39E+00
	act		Sys	Slag	kg	4.31E+01	0	0	5.69E+00	0	-4.59E+01
	Impact by		Soil	Sludge	kg	4.28E+00	0	0	2.56E+00	0	-6.84E+00
			\$	Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.41E-03	7.49E-04	2.94E-07	5.61E-03	1.92E-05	-5.57E-04
Impact assessment	by Res		and the second	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	2.47E+02	4.67E+01	5.90E+01	4.56E+02	3.26E+00	-1.79E+02
Sm	12		1	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	1.27E+03	·		6.10E+01	0	-1.05E+03
ses	wicerne		here	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	8.01E+02	1.25E+02	1.96E+02	1.23E+03	4.60E+01	-6.18E+02
ass	rgstoer		Atmosph	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	1.08E+00	1.47E-01	9.35E-01	1.81E+00	1.23E-01	-8.16E-01
act) / Dischi		Atu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
μğ	Imission		\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
=	1/4		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
- (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
- (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. Disposition/Recycle' stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production
- E. 'Recycle Effect' illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

 Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

 Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO 2 in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate " " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
- (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

Product data sheet

	(input data and parameters for LCA)
Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-16-E787



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product type		TOSHI	BA MFP e-S	TUDIO7508A	
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1	Product weight (kg)	194.6	Package (kg)	23.9	Weight total (kg)	218.5

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Br	eakdown of pi	rimary materials		Math breakdown of parts, while	ch need to apply I	Processing / Assembly Base Ur	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Ordinary steel	1.20E+02	Paper	2.61E+01	Press molding:Iron (kg)	1.67E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	6.07E-01
	Stainless steel	3.35F+00	Wood	2.71E-02	Press molding:	2.44E+01		
t		***			Nonferrous metal (kg)			
	Other metals	4.00E+00	Semiconductor substrate	4.44E+00	Injection molding (kg)	2.74E+01		
- p	Aluminum	1.89E+00	Medium-sized motor	5.78E+00				
Pr	Glass	2.58E+00						
	Thermoplastic resin	4.76E+01						
	Thermosetting resin	8.21E-01						
	Rubber	1.86E+00						
	Subtotal	1.82E+02	Subtotal	3.64E+01				
		Total		2.18E+02	Subtotal	2.18E+02	Subtotal	6.07E-01

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

tion	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material		
age .	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)		
II SL	Quantity	1.47E+01	4.50E-02	2.92E-01	8.30E-02		
S	Note						
arge	Classification	Water system					
Es de	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
sion	Quantity	8.30E-02					
Eiji	Note						

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Distribution	Means of transportation	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:
	Means of transportation	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	2.18E+02	1.17E+04	1.00E+02	2.55E+06	2.19E+02	1.00E+03	3.06E+01	7.14E+05
	Note								

Note The main body products are transported from China to USA.

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

Consumption Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg) 1.81E+01 Consumption POM (polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01 Consumption	Consumption Stainless steel plate (kg) 4.50E-02 Consumption ABS (kg) 1.22E-01 Consumption	Consumption Aluminum plate (kg) 1.13E+00 Consumption PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01 Consumption	Consumption Glass (kg) 1.00E-02 Consumption PET (kg) 4.66E+01 Process	Consumption High density polyethylene (kg) 4.26E+00 Consumption Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	Consumption Low density polyethylene (kg) 2.08E-01 Consumption Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	Consumption Polystyrene (kg) 2.01E+01 Consumption Corrugated cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	Consumption Polycarbonate-ABS (70/30) (kg) 2.66E-01 Consumption Paper (Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
plate (kg) 1.81E+01 Consumption POM (polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01 Consumption	plate (kg) 4.50E-02 Consumption ABS (kg) 1.22E-01 Consumption	1.13E+00 Consumption PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01	1.00E-02 Consumption PET (kg) 4.66E+01	polyethylene (kg) 4.26E+00 Consumption Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	polyethylene (kg) 2.08E-01 Consumption Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	2.01E+01 Consumption Corrugated cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	(70/30) (kg) 2.66E-01 Consumption Paper (Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
Consumption POM (polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01 Consumption	Consumption ABS (kg) 1.22E-01 Consumption	Consumption PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01	Consumption PET (kg) 4.66E+01	Consumption Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	Consumption Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	Consumption Corrugated cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	Consumption Paper (Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
POM (polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01	ABS (kg) 1.22E-01 Consumption	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01	PET (kg) 4.66E+01	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	Corrugated cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	Paper (Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
POM (polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01	ABS (kg) 1.22E-01 Consumption	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01	PET (kg) 4.66E+01	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	Corrugated cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	Paper (Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
(polyacetal) (kg) 3.64E-01	1.22E-01 Consumption	(Polyamide 66) (kg) 1.71E-01	4.66E+01	polyurethane (for automobile) (kg) 6.00E-03	rubber (NBR) (kg) 2.04E-01	cardboard (kg) 1.83E+01	(Western style) (kg) 2.85E-01
Consumption	Consumption						
		Consumption	Process				
		Consumption	Process				
			1 100033	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)
3.39E+00	2.63E+01	2.54E+01	1.89E+05	2.76E+05	2.03E+03	4.00E-03	1.08E-01
Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Discharge		
Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Urban gas (13A) (m3)	Industrial water (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)		
2.45E+00	2.88E-02	4.91E+00	1.02E+03	1.53E+03	1.26E+03		
			1				1
	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG Urban gas (kg) (13A) (m3)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG Urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG Urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG (13A) (m3)	Furnace urban gas (kg) Urban gas (n3A) (m3) Furnace LPG (13A) (m3) Industrial water (kg) (kg)	Furnace urban gas (kg) Urban gas (13A) (m3) Industrial water (kg) (kg) (kg) (kg)	Furnace urban gas (xg) Urban gas (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG (xg) (xg) (13A) (m3) Furnace LPG (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) Furnace LPG (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg) (xg)

Note The periodical replacement parts are transported from China to USA.

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
တ္	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle: to Paper (kg)
mables	Quantity	1.01E+00	1.39E+01	3.38E+01	1.82E+01	1.13E+00	1.57E+01	1.83E+01	2.85E-01
=	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	PET (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)		
	Quantity	1.81E+01	1.13E+00	2.19E+00	1.04E+01	2.51E+00	1.83E+01		
	Note								

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Shredding (kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.54E+02	2.07E+00	2.48E+01	7.14E+04	1.29E+02	4.00E+00	1.89E+00	2.32E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle: to Paper (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Electromagnetic steel plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
.2	Quantity	2.81E+01	2.28E+01	3.33E+00	1.13E+02	6.60E+00	7.39E-02	3.35E+00	4.00E+00
Scenario	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate-ABS (70/30) (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	ABS (kg)
	Quantity	1.89E+00	2.32E+00	1.92E+00	4.20E+00	1.96E+00	7.46E+00	1.14E+00	5.75E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction			
	Distribution	PET (kg)	Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Paper (Western style) (kg)			
	Quantity	9.47E-01	5.26E-01	2.28E+00	2.28E+01	3.33E+00			
	Note								

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.