

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2006 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiromi Horikawa

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The Ecoleaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-TypeIII category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Unit Function DB version

Characterization Factor DB version

Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-16-E788

PCR name	EP and IJ printer		Product type	TOSHIBA MFP e-STUDIO6508A					
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	194.6	Package (kg)	23.9	Weight total (kg)	218.5		

	_			Life Cycle Stage		Prod	uction				Recycle
In/Ou	ut iten	ns			Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
		-			MJ	1.34E+04	2.21E+03	2.65E+03	2.20E+04	1.49E+02	-9.54E+03
		Er	nergy C	Consumption	Mcal	3.21E+03	5.27E+02	6.34E+02	5.24E+03	3.55E+01	-2.28E+03
			s	Coal	kg	1.44E+02	1.59E+01	6.20E-03	1.09E+02	4.06E-01	-1.34E+02
			onic	Crude oil (for fuel)	ka	1.12E+02	1.82E+01	5.79E+01	1.67E+02	2.49E+00	-6.75E+01
			y res	LNG	ka	2.14E+01	7.93E+00	8.95E-01	5.80E+01	2.36E-01	-1.04E+01
			inerg	Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.02E-03	1.07E-03	4.20E-07	6.40E-03	2.75E-05	-7.87E-04
	~			Crude oil (for material)	kg	4.51E+01	0	0	4.22E+01	0	-3.21E+01
	ioi			Iron content of an ore	kg	1.32E+02	0	0 0	1.46E+01	0	-1.40E+02
	npt	es		Cu content of an ore	kg	2.96E+00	0	0	0	0	-1.52E+00
	n	nrc		Al content of an ore	kg	2.50E+00	0	Ő	9.56E-01	0	-2.95E+00
	Suc	Exhaustible resources	(0	Ni content of an ore	kg	5.31E-01	Ő	ŏ	5.99E-03	0	-5.31E-01
	ŭ		ĕ	C content of an ore	kg	7.62E-01	0	0	1.31E-02	0	-7.68E-01
	e		nrc	Mn content of an ore	kg	7.51E-01	Ő	ŏ	7.86E-02	0	-1.70E-01
	un		resources	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.48E-01	0	0 0	0	0	-1.24E-01
	sso			Sn content of an ore	kg	0	Ő	ŏ	Ő	0	0
	Impact by Resource Consumption		Mineral	Zn content of an ore	kg	1.45E+00	0	Ő	0	0	-1.21E+00
	ý	Ш	ine	Au content of an ore	kg	0	Ő	Ő	Ő	0	0
	t		Σ	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
s	pa			Silica Sand	kg	4.88E+00	Ő	Ő	1.78E-01	0	-3.49E+00
se	Ē			Halite	kg	2.32E+01	4.81E-07	0	3.31E-01	2.48E-02	-1.18E+01
aiy				Limestone	kg	2.71E+01	0	0	3.56E+00	1.61E+00	-2.47E+01
an				Natural soda ash	kg	3.26E-01	0	0	6.71E-04	0	-2.51E-01
2			-	Wood	kg	5.62E+01	0	0	3.01E+01	0	-8.58E+01
inventory anaiyses			-	Water	ka	5.02E+04	1.20E+04	4.67E+00	9.42E+04	3.32E+02	-2.83E+04
/er	Ħ		2	CO2	ka	7.85E+02	1.24E+02	1.88E+02	9.52E+02	4.59E+01	-5.82E+02
Ē	mpact by Emission/Discharge to the environment	Atmosphere		Sox	kg	4.81E-01	9.40E-02	1.29E-01	6.88E-01	2.81E-02	-3.36E-01
	nno			Nox	ka	8.55E-01	7.53E-02	1.15E+00	1.04E+00	1.36E-01	-6.25E-01
	virc			N2O	kg	5.68E-02	1.76E-03	2.80E-02	4.26E-02	2.55E-04	-3.94E-02
	en		lso	CH4	kg	5.36E-03	2.86E-03	1.12E-06	1.71E-02	7.35E-05	-2.05E-03
	he		Ĕ	CO	kg	1.16E-01	1.83E-02	3.49E-01	2.25E-01	3.91E-02	-9.77E-02
	tot		Ā	NMVOC	kg	1.05E-02	5.62E-03	2.20E-06	3.35E-02	1.44E-04	-4.00E-03
	ge		t0	CxHy	kg	2.89E-02	3.68E-04	3.08E-02	2.07E-02	1.79E-03	-2.18E-02
	Jarg			Dust	kg	1.03E-01	4.08E-03	1.04E-01	8.01E-02	6.90E-03	-8.48E-02
	sch	Ę	. <u>E</u>	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ē	yste	oma	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ion	to Water system	Water domain	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	iss	Nati	Vate	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ш	to \	to V	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	کر ا		e	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	5.67E+00	3.13E-06	0	1.79E+00	2.07E+00	-3.27E+00
	ct		systen	Slag	kg	4.31E+01	0	0	4.43E+00	0	-4.46E+01
	pa		Soil	Sludge	kg	4.28E+00	0	0	2.05E+00	0	-6.33E+00
	۲		to to	Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.41E-03	7.49E-04	2.94E-07	4.46E-03	1.92E-05	-5.51E-04
ent	by Res			Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	2.47E+02	4.67E+01	5.90E+01	3.59E+02	3.26E+00	-1.72E+02
a me	2 4		Concession of Co	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kq	1.27E+03	0	0	4.68E+01	0	-1.05E+03
ess	rorment		ere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	8.01E+02	1.25E+02	1.96E+02	9.64E+02	4.60E+01	-5.93E+02
ISS	e to envà		hqso	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	1.08E+00	1.47E-01	9.35E-01	1.41E+00	1.23E-01	-7.74E-01
mpact assessment	Nicharg		Atmo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
pa	tston/C	to A		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	by Em		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D.*Disposition/Recycle* stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production)

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse. Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel. C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

C. Indicate " - " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

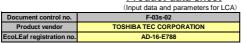
(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Form 3(F-03s-02)

Product data sheet





	PCR name		E	P and IJ prin	ter (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product t	уре		тс	SHIBA MI	FP e-STL	JDIO6508A	
	LCA/	LCIA in units of:			1	Product weig	ht (kg)	194.6	Package	(kg) 23	3.9 V	Veight total (kg)	218.5
1.	1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method												
- [Breakdown of primary materials							eed to apply	Processing	/ Assembly Base Un	its (Parts B, C)
		Material na	ame	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	P	Process nam	e V	/eight (kg)	Pro	ocess name	Weight (kg)
		Ordinary s	steel	1.20E+02	Paper	2.61E+01	Press	molding:Iron	n (kg)	1.67E+02	Parts	assembly (kg)	6.07E-01
		Stainless steel		3.35E+00	Wood	2.71E-02	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)			2.44E+01			
	duct	Other me	etals	4.00E+00	Semiconductor substrate	4.44E+00	Injec	tion molding	g (kg)	2.74E+01			
	np	Aluminu	im	1.89E+00	Medium-sized motor	5.78E+00							
	Pro	Glass		2.58E+00									
		Thermoplasti	c resin	4.76E+01									
		Thermosettin	g resin	8.21E-01									
		Rubber		1.86E+00									
		Subtota	l	1.82E+02	Subtotal	3.64E+01							
				Total		2.18E+02		Subtotal		2.18E+02		Subtotal	6.07E-01
	Note												

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site. SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

ion	Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material		
nption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Furnace LPG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)		
Consur	Quantity	1.47E+01	4.50E-02	2.92E-01	8.30E-02		
Co	Note						
arge	Classification	Water system					
Disch	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
/uois	Quantity	8.30E-02					
Emis	Note						
Note							

3. Dis	tribution stag	e information (p	er unit): means,	distance, loading	g ratio, consump	tions and emiss	ions/discharges		
_	Means of transportation	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:
ior	means or manaportation	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg∙km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)	10 ton (kg·km)
but	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
istri	Quantity	2.18E+02	1.17E+04	1.00E+02	2.55E+06	2.19E+02	1.00E+03	3.06E+01	7.14E+05

Note The main ho rted from China to USA

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Polycarbonate-ABS (70/30) (kg)
	Quantity	1.41E+01	3.60E-02	9.04E-01	8.00E-03	3.05E+00	1.66E-01	1.51E+01	2.12E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PET (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Nitrile-butadiene rubber (NBR) (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Paper (Western style) (kg)
t	Quantity	2.81E-01	9.76E-02	1.37E-01	3.50E+01	4.80E-03	1.58E-01	1.39E+01	2.28E-01
Product	Note								
Pre	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)
	Quantity	2.71E+00	2.03E+01	1.89E+01	2.17E+05	1.62E+03	4.00E-03	8.10E-02	1.99E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Discharge	Process		
	Distribution	Furnace LPG (kg)	Urban gas (13A) (m3)	Industrial water (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)		
	Quantity	2.30E-02	3.74E+00	8.38E+02	1.15E+03	1.02E+03	1.44E+05		
	Note								
Note	The periodic	al replacement part	s are transported fro	om China to USA.					

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
s	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle: to Paper (kg)
ble	Quantity	7.56E-01	1.04E+01	2.58E+01	1.42E+01	9.04E-01	1.18E+01	1.39E+01	2.28E-01
umables	Note								
Const	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
S	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	PET (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)		
	Quantity	1.41E+01	9.04E-01	1.57E+00	7.77E+00	1.89E+00	1.39E+01		
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Shredding (kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.54E+02	2.07E+00	2.48E+01	7.14E+04	1.29E+02	4.00E+00	1.89E+00	2.32E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle: to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle: to Paper (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Electromagnetic steel plate (kg)	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
.0	Quantity	2.81E+01	2.28E+01	3.33E+00	1.13E+02	6.60E+00	7.39E-02	3.35E+00	4.00E+00
Scenario	Note								
Sce	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
.,	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate-ABS (70/30) (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	ABS (kg)
	Quantity	1.89E+00	2.32E+00	1.92E+00	4.20E+00	1.96E+00	7.46E+00	1.14E+00	5.75E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction			
	Distribution	PET (kg)	Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Paper (Western style) (kg)			
	Quantity	9.47E-01	5.26E-01	2.28E+00	2.28E+01	3.33E+00			
	Note								

6. Others This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.