# Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



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EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

# RICOH imagine. change.





Environment Contact: RICOH Company, Ltd. Corporate Communication Center email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp

# INCOM

# **MP 6503SP**

[ Part # 417609 ]

**1.Printing technology**: Electrophotography (EP)

2.Color: Monochrome

3.Printing Speed: 65 prints/minute (Letter LEF)

4.Maximum Paper Size: 11" x 17"

5.Functions included in LCA: Single Pass Document Feeder,

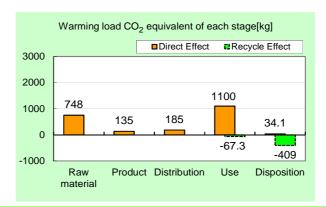
Automatic Duplexing Unit

Use stage conditions:

Period of use: 5 years, Amount of use: 2,534,400 pages Note: Environmental impact originated from printing paper is excluded as prescribed in the PCR.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	2.20t (1.72t)
Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	3.64kg (3.07kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	41.8GJ (33.7GJ)

%Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3



### Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

# [Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025  $\ \Box$ internal  $\ \blacksquare$ external Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta \*

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

# Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-16-E810

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ pri	Product type	MP 6503SP [ Part # 417609 ]				
PCR ID	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	200	Package (kg)	26	Weight total (kg)	226

			Life Cycle Stage		Prod	uction				
In/Ou	ut items		, ,	Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
Гпа				MJ	1.22E+04	2.38E+03	2.49E+03	2.47E+04	4.46E+01	-8.16E+03
Ene	rgy Cons	sumption		Mcal	2.91E+03	5.69E+02	5.96E+02	5.91E+03	1.07E+01	-1.95E+03
			Coal	kg	1.55E+02	1.64E+01	5.83E-03	1.03E+02	2.19E-01	-1.31E+02
		-	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	9.04E+01	1.85E+01	5.45E+01	2.04E+02	5.68E-01	-2.91E+01
		Energy	LNG	kg	1.77E+01	1.01E+01	8.41E-01	7.80E+01	1.16E-01	-4.40E+00
			Uranium content of an ore	ka	1.43E-03	1.11E-03	3.95E-07	5.79E-03	1.48E-05	1.17E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.88E+01	0	0	6.06E+01	0	-5.64E+01
			Iron content of an ore	kg	1.46E+02	0	0	1.65E+01	0	-1.48E+02
			Cu content of an ore	kg	2.05E+00	0	0	1.03E-02	0	-2.49E+00
			Al content of an ore	kg	4.55E+00	0	0	1.52E+00	0	-5.70E+00
	Resource Consumption from the environment	Φ ,,	Ni content of an ore	kg	5.16E-01	0	0	5.75E-02	0	-3.01E-03
	dwr	Exhaustible resources	Cr content of an ore	kg	7.49E-01	0	0	8.35E-02	0	-5.50E-02
	onst	hau	Mn content of an ore	kg	8.56E-01	0	0	9.66E-02	0	-1.29E-01
	Ğ G		Pb content of an ore	kg	2.31E-01	0	0	8.95E-04	0	-2.02E-01
	e fe	Material	Sn content of an ore	kg	1.23E-02	0	0	0	0	0
	Resc		Zn content of an ore	kg	2.69E+00	0	0	9.18E-03	0	-1.99E+00
	L.		Au content of an ore	kg	4.59E-02	0	0	0	0	0
			Ag content of an ore	kg	1.22E-01	0	0	0	0	0
			Silica Sand	kg	4.38E+00	0	0	1.96E-01	0	-3.30E+00
w			Halite	kg	2.78E+01	3.35E-03	0	1.66E+00	1.03E-02	-1.05E+00
yse			Limestone	kg	3.02E+01	0	0	3.47E+00	7.19E-01	-2.55E+01
anal			Natural soda ash	kg	2.37E-01	0	0	2.63E-07	0	-1.88E-01
ory		Renewable	Wood	kg	4.95E+01	0	0	1.56E+01	0	0
Inventory analyses	re	resources	Water	ka	3.78E+04	1.30E+04	4.39E+00	9.93E+04	1.87E+02	-1.05E+04
ڪ			CO <sub>2</sub>	kg	7.34E+02	1.32E+02	1.77E+02	1.06E+03	3.41E+01	-4.65E+02
			SO <sub>x</sub>	kg	5.12E-01	9.69E-02	1.13E-01	6.98E-01	1.82E-02	-3.34E-01
			NO <sub>x</sub>	kg	7.86E-01	8.51E-02	9.23E-01	1.30E+00	4.72E-02	-3.28E-01
			N <sub>2</sub> O	kg	5.23E-02	7.92E-03	2.85E-02	1.42E-01	6.69E-05	-4.11E-02
		to Atmosphere	CH₄	kg	3.73E-03	2.96E-03	1.06E-06	1.54E-02	3.97E-05	4.21E-04
			CO	kg	1.29E-01	1.97E-02	2.59E-01	2.30E-01	8.94E-03	-6.55E-03
	e =		NMVOC	kg	7.30E-03	5.80E-03	2.07E-06	3.02E-02	7.79E-05	8.22E-04
	harg		C <sub>x</sub> H <sub>v</sub>	kg	2.67E-02	1.34E-03	2.66E-02	4.28E-02	2.47E-04	-1.72E-02
	Discl		Dust	kg	1.03E-01	4.18E-03	8.66E-02	1.03E-01	1.96E-03	-7.34E-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment		BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	the		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- 교 요	to Water system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	5.37E+00	1.93E-02	0	1.88E+01	1.49E+01	-1.58E+00
		4- 0-11	Slag	kg	5.11E+01	0	0	5.04E+00	0	-4.70E+01
		to Soil system	Sludge	kg	9.77E+00	0	0	3.25E+00	0	-1.22E+01
			Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.00E-03	7.73E-04	2.76E-07	4.03E-03	1.04E-05	8.20E-05
	ion		Energy resources (crude oil	kg	2.23E+02	5.03E+01	5.55E+01	4.11E+02	9.70E-01	-1.18E+02
nent	Resource	Exhaustible	equivalent)	ĸy	Z.Z3E+UZ	J.UJE+U1	J.JJE+01	4.11E+UZ	9.7 UE-UT	-1.10E+UZ
Impact assessment	က် တိ	resources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	7.18E+04	0	0	1.04E+02	0	-9.47E+02
pact a	nission/ narge to the onment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	7.48E+02	1.35E+02	1.85E+02	1.10E+03	3.41E+01	-4.76E+02
Ē	Impact as by Emission/ Discharge to the environment		Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent)	kg	1.06E+00	1.57E-01	7.59E-01	1.61E+00	5.13E-02	-5.63E-01

## [Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

  (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

  (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

  B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts
- Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

  Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

- II. Inventory analyses
  A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
  B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value, e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
  C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

- III Impact analyses
  Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").
  A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
  B. Impact "by emission discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

- N Data entry format

  A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

  B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

  C. Indicate "- If calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

  (BQD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

# **Product data sheet**

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-16-E810



PCR name	EP and IJ printer ( PCR-ID : AD-04 )	Product type	MP 6503SP [ Part # 417609 ]				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	200	Package (kg)	26	Weight total (kg)	226

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bre	eakdown of pi	rimary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	ch need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	Inits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	3.25E+00	Ordinary steel	1.40E+02	Press molding: Iron (kg)	1.42E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	1.99E+02
	Aluminum	4.31E+00	Electronic circuit board	1.81E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	1.13E+01		
Product	Paper	2.27E+01	Wood	8.92E-02	Injection molding (kg)	4.31E+01		
5	Other metals	7.02E+00	Lubricant	1.53E-01	Glass molding (kg)	2.90E+00		
_	Glass	2.29E+00						
	Thermoplastic resin	4.28E+01						
	Rubber	6.13E-01						
	Thermosetting resin	1.46E+00						
	Subtotal	8.44E+01	Subtotal	1.42E+02				
		Total		2.26E+02	Subtotal	1.99E+02	Subtotal	1.99E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub> equivalent.

umption	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)		
Consi	Quantity	1.95E+01	1.43E+00	1.15E+02	6.13E-01	4.62E+02		
၁	Note							
	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
iii is	Quantity	5.77E+02						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

istribution	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)						
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
ĕ	Quantity	2.26E+02	1.28E+03	4.39E+01	6.57E+05	2.26E+02	1.16E+04	1.00E+02	2.62E+06
	Note								

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

7.1110	duct and ac	cessories subje	ect to this analysi	3					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	PBT (kg)
	Quantity	3.62E-01	1.43E+00	3.14E-06	1.75E+00	3.42E-02	7.91E-04	7.85E-06	3.53E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
ct	Distribution	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Polypropylene (kg)
Product	Quantity	3.90E-01	5.48E-01	1.39E+01	6.83E-02	6.38E+01	7.26E-02	1.46E+05	7.69E-01
۵.	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Lubricant (kg)
	Quantity	2.88E-01	3.42E-02	2.25E-03	1.90E-01	1.84E+00	8.24E+05	1.39E+01	5.22E-01
	Note								

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy
	Distribution	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)
	Quantity	9.84E+00	1.47E+00	1.63E+01	1.30E+04	1.75E+00	2.94E+01	2.73E+02	1.28E+01
#	Note								
Product	Classification	Condition	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
Prc	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)
	Quantity	7.30E+04	1.51E+01	2.32E+02	2.32E+02	1.17E+03	5.86E+00	6.16E+04	7.31E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Condition							
	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)							
	Quantity	3.47E+05							
	Note								

Note

# 4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.63E+01	7.31E+00	7.07E+02	4.26E+01	4.26E+01	3.32E+01	3.17E+01	3.14E-06
	Note								
seles	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	9.44E+00	1.38E+00	3.36E-02	1.55E+01	3.08E-06	9.44E+00	1.38E+00	3.36E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	1.55E+01	3.41E+04						
	Note			•					

Note

# 5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process met	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	1.25E+01	2.10E+02	8.10E+00	1.53E+01	1.68E+05	1.48E+03	9.86E-01	1.98E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	6.49E+01	5.44E+01	2.29E+00	1.33E+02	4.02E+00	8.23E+00	4.12E+01	2.24E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		•		
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	1.33E+02	4.02E+00	8.23E+00	4.02E+01				
	Note								

Note

## 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.