

Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

• Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.

• This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, and carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier * : Kazuo Naito, system certification auditor

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-17-E923

Unit Function DB version
Unit Function DB version

Characterization Factor DB version

PCR name	EP and IJ print	Product type	MP C3504exSP [Part # 417989]				
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	101	Package (kg)	17	Weight total (kg)	118

_				Life Cycle Stage		Prod	uction				Recycle
In/Out items					Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
					MJ			4.075.00	4.005.04	0.055.04	
	Energy Consumption					7.32E+03	1.47E+03	1.27E+03	1.32E+04	2.95E+01	-5.70E+03
					Mcal	1.75E+03	3.51E+02	3.03E+02	3.15E+03	7.05E+00	-1.36E+03
			Energy resources		kg	6.38E+01	9.34E+00	2.97E-03	5.29E+01	1.34E-01	-5.77E+01
			erg	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.23E+01	1.07E+01	2.77E+01	1.24E+02	3.96E-01	-2.70E+01
			esc	LNG	kg	1.12E+01	6.71E+00	4.28E-01	3.88E+01	7.16E-02	-2.23E+00
	_			Uranium content of an ore	kg	9.45E-04	6.31E-04	2.01E-07	2.44E-03	9.09E-06	5.90E-05
	Impact by Resource Consumption			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.42E+01	0	0	4.11E+01	0	-5.73E+01
	pti	S S		Iron content of an ore	kg	5.38E+01	0	0	1.48E+01	0	-6.67E+01
	Ъ	Exhaustible resources		Cu content of an ore	kg	1.22E+00	0	0	3.41E-02	0	-1.36E+00
	USI	0		Al content of an ore	kg	1.16E+00	0	0	8.97E-01	0	-1.95E+00
	ō	.es	es	Ni content of an ore	kg	4.91E-01	0	0	5.27E-01	0	-1.36E-03
	e	e	ĩ	Cr content of an ore	kg	6.84E-01	0	0	7.18E-01	0	-2.48E-02
	LC L	tibl	iol i	Mn content of an ore	kg	3.64E-01	0	0	1.63E-01	0	-5.79E-02
	sol	nsi	rec	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.03E-01	0	0	2.91E-03	0	-1.10E-01
	Şe	ha	Mineral resources	Sn content of an ore	kg	2.57E-03	0	0	1.99E-04	0	0
	<u>н</u>	X	ere	Zn content of an ore	kg	1.04E+00	0	0	2.96E-02	0	-1.08E+00
	á	-	7in	Au content of an ore	kg	4.17E-05	0	0	2.21E-05	0	0
	act		2	Ag content of an ore	kg	2.84E-04	0	0	0	0	0
es	ů			Silica Sand	kg	3.13E+00	0	0	2.06E-01	0	-2.51E+00
ys	Im yse			Halite	kg	3.01E+01	4.50E-03	0	1.39E+01	3.69E-03	-6.93E-01
Jai				Limestone	kg	1.18E+01	0	0	3.22E+00	2.92E-01	-1.18E+01
a				Natural soda ash	kg	2.47E-01	0	0	3.23E-03	0	-1.94E-01
2 Z		Ren	ewable	Wood	kg	2.39E+01	0	0	3.90E+01	0	0
nto		reso	ources	Water	kg	2.04E+04	7.79E+03	2.24E+00	4.79E+04	1.15E+02	-3.66E+03
Inventory anaiyses	int			CO2	kg	3.85E+02	7.84E+01	9.01E+01	6.16E+02	2.16E+01	-2.66E+02
<u> </u>	me			Sox	kg	2.53E-01	5.54E-02	5.60E-02	3.88E-01	1.17E-02	-1.54E-01
	uo.			Nox	kg	4.60E-01	5.26E-02	4.46E-01	9.33E-01	3.16E-02	-2.47E-01
	iž		hdi	N2O	kg	3.38E-02	7.75E-03	1.48E-02	9.29E-02	3.99E-05	-3.18E-02
	e		SOL	CH4	kg	2.50E-03	1.69E-03	5.37E-07	6.51E-03	2.43E-05	1.96E-04
	the		Ę	CO	kg	5.92E-02	1.17E-02	1.21E-01	1.54E-01	7.06E-03	9.89E-03
	to		to⊳	NMVOC	kg	4.89E-03	3.31E-03	1.05E-06	1.28E-02	4.77E-05	3.82E-04
	ge.		¥	CxHy	kg	1.69E-02	1.29E-03	1.32E-02	3.17E-02	2.22E-04	-1.34E-02
	har			Dust	kg	5.76E-02	2.40E-03	4.24E-02	7.96E-02	1.76E-03	-4.76E-02
	isc	B	ain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ę	yste	ü	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ior	ers	erd	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	iss	to Water system	to Water domain	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ш	ф 2	to	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Impact by Emission/Discharge to the environment		me	Unspecified Solid Waste	kğ	3.73E+00	2.24E-02	0	1.18E+01	8.29E+00	-5.70E-01
	ct		system	Slag	kg	1.99E+01	0	0	4.92E+00	0	-2.14E+01
	ba		to Soil :	Sludge	kğ	2.50E+00	0	0	1.92E+00	0	-4.18E+00
	In		to 	Low level radio-active waste	kg	6.62E-04	4.41E-04	1.40E-07	1.71E-03	6.35E-06	4.14E-05
nent	Resource nsumption	Exha	ustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.24E+02	3.00E+01	2.83E+01	2.25E+02	6.43E-01	-6.62E+01
assessment	by Re: Consu	resc	ources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	9.59E+02	0	0	4.92E+02	0	-5.13E+02
act as	hission / harge to onment	to Atm	nosphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	3.94E+02	8.05E+01	9.41E+01	6.41E+02	2.16E+01	-2.74E+02
Impact	by Em Disch envirc		Leaf comr	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	5.75E-01	9.22E-02	3.68E-01	1.04E+00	3.38E-02	-3.27E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse. Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.

C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

C. Indicate " - " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Form 3(F-03s-02)

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

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Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-17-E923



		PCR name	EP and IJ p	inter(PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product	ype		M	PC3504e	xSP	【 Part # 417989 】	
	LCA/	LCIA in units of:		1 product	Product weig	jht (kg)	101	Packag	e (kg)	17	Weight total (kg)	118
1.	Produ	ct information (pe	er unit): parts etc.	by material and by process/a	ssembly me	thod						
ſ				f primary materials			akdown of pa	arts, which	need to appl	y Proces	ssing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
		Material nar	me Weight (F	g) Material name	Weight (kg)	Pr	ocess nar	ne	Neight (kg	1)	Process name	Weight (kg)
1		Stainless st	eel 3.10E+0	0 Lubricant	1.17E-02	Pre	ess moldir Iron (kg)	ng:	5.29E+01	Pa	arts assembly (kg)	9.95E+01
1		Aluminum	n 1.10E+0	0 Thermoplastic resin	3.89E+01		ess moldir rrous meta	4 /1⊢				
	rct	Ordinary ste	eel 5.09E+0	1 Thermosetting resin	1.59E+00	Injecti	njection molding (kg)		3.90E+01			
	Product	Glass	2.62E+0	0 Electronic circuit board	1.10E+00	Glas	s molding	(kg)	2.92E+00			
	ď	Rubber	2.97E-0	1								
		Other meta	als 3.60E+0	0								
		Paper	7.84E+0	0								
		Wood	6.99E+0	0								
		Subtotal	7.65E+0	1 Subtotal	4.16E+01							
			Total		1.18E+02		Subtotal		9.95E+01		Subtotal	9.95E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

ы	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)		
Suo	Quantity	3.60E+01	3.14E-01	1.78E+02	2.18E+00	5.17E+02		
S	Note							
	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
Dis	Quantity	7.75E+02						
	Note							
Note								

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

			, ,	, .			0		
ion	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)			
tribut	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
Dist	Quantity	1.18E+02	1.28E+03	4.94E+01	3.05E+05	1.18E+02	1.16E+04	1.00E+02	1.37E+06
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	1	,	ot to this analysi						
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Gold (kg)	Tin (kg)
	Quantity	3.33E+00	8.48E-01	3.72E-02	2.06E-01	1.11E-01	1.97E-03	2.21E-05	1.31E-04
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Lubricant (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)
	Quantity	1.83E+01	1.35E-03	9.05E-02	3.42E-03	2.22E-02	1.36E+01	1.06E+05	8.85E-03
rct	Note								
Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
4	Distribution	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Polystyrene (kg)	PVC (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)
	Quantity	2.17E+00	3.36E+01	3.46E-01	5.10E-01	5.97E+05	3.91E+00	3.47E-02	2.21E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Unsaturated polyester (UP) (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
	Quantity	3.16E-02	5.89E-02	1.98E-02	3.79E+03	4.21E-03	1.99E+00	1.13E+01	1.47E+01
	Note								

	Classification	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Condition	Energy
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Furnace LNG (kg)
t	Quantity	9.61E-01	2.13E+04	2.14E+01	2.43E-01	3.73E+01	1.64E+02	7.69E+04	6.68E+00
oduct	Note								
Pro	Classification	Material	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	
	Distribution	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	
	Quantity	8.74E+01	9.63E+00	6.78E+01	2.96E+02	3.23E+02	4.33E+05	2.93E+00	
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	7.17E+00	1.83E+01	1.77E+03	4.25E+01	4.25E+01	2.83E+01	2.74E+01	3.72E-02
	Note								
oles	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
_	Quantity	1.41E+01	8.14E-01	1.12E-01	2.02E+01	3.65E-02	1.41E+01	8.14E-01	1.12E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	2.02E+01	3.40E+04						
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg ⋅ km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	6.23E+00	1.10E+02	1.90E+00	1.33E+01	8.83E+04	6.11E+02	1.00E+00	9.82E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Distribution Wonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg) in		Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	4.80E+01	4.36E+01	2.32E+00	5.02E+01	1.03E+00	4.39E+00	3.74E+01	2.28E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	5.02E+01	1.03E+00	4.39E+00	3.64E+01				
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.