## Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

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# RICOH imagine. change.



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### MP C4504exSPG

【 Part # 417999 】

1.Printing Process : Electrophotography (EP)

**2.Color**: Monochrome and Full-color

3.Print Speed: 45 prints/minute (Letter / A4)

4.Maximum Paper Size: 12" x 18"

**5.Functions included in LCA :** Single-pass Document Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

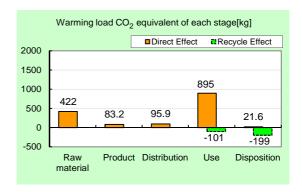
Use stage conditions:

Period of use: 5 years, Amount of use: 1,190,400 pages

\*\*The warming load of the use stage does not include environmental impact
originated from printing paper, as specified in the PCR.

Consumption and discharge in a	All the stage sum totals
life cycle	เบเสเร
Global Warming (CO <sub>2</sub>	1520kg
equivalent)	(1220kg)
Acidification (SO <sub>2</sub>	2.58kg
equivalent)	(2.21kg)
Energy resources (crude oil	29.3GJ
equivalent)	(23.1GJ)

%Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3



#### Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

#### [Supplemental environmental information]

- · Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, and carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

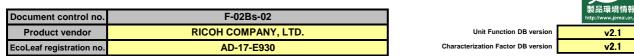
PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier \*: Kazuo Naito, system certification auditor

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

#### Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



PCR name	EP and IJ print	er	Product type	ı	MP C4504exSPC	G [ Part # 417999	]
PCR code	AD-04 Product weight (kg)		104	Package (kg)	17	Weight total (kg)	121

				Life Cycle Stage	11.0	Prod	uction	D: ( ) (		D: V:	Recycle
In/O	ut items				Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
	Energy Consumption				MJ	7.77E+03	1.52E+03	1.29E+03	1.87E+04	2.95E+01	-6.25E+03
			ergy oc	nisumption	Mcal	1.86E+03	3.63E+02	3.09E+02	4.47E+03	7.06E+00	-1.49E+03
			, Se	Coal	kg	6.72E+01	9.58E+00	3.02E-03	7.12E+01	1.34E-01	-6.26E+01
			Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.71E+01	1.10E+01	2.82E+01	1.76E+02	3.96E-01	-2.98E+01
			sou	LNG	kg	1.23E+01	7.04E+00	4.36E-01	5.65E+01	7.16E-02	-2.55E+00
			<u>а</u> е	Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.06E-03	6.48E-04	2.05E-07	3.38E-03	9.09E-06	6.38E-05
	<u> </u>			Crude oil (for material)	kg	3.47E+01	0	0	5.97E+01	0	-6.30E+01
	mpact by Resource Consumption	ဟ		Iron content of an ore	kg	5.47E+01	0	0	1.85E+01	0	-7.18E+01
	Ε	resources		Cu content of an ore	kg	1.35E+00	0	0	5.43E-02	0	-1.55E+00
	nsı	ا ۾ ا		Al content of an ore	kg	1.34E+00	0	0	1.05E+00	0	-2.26E+00
	l e	986	တ္	Ni content of an ore	kg	5.86E-01	0	0	7.62E-01	0	-1.46E-03
	0	9	ည	Cr content of an ore	kg	8.13E-01	0	0	1.04E+00	0	-2.67E-02
	2	) q	no	Mn content of an ore	kg	3.84E-01	0	0	2.21E-01	0	-6.24E-02
	l o	ısti	es	Pb content of an ore	kg	1.13E-01	0	0	4.58E-03	0	-1.26E-01
	es	lat l	=	Sn content of an ore	kg	3.57E-03	0	0	6.99E-04	0	0
	<u>~</u>	Exhaustible	Mineral resources	Zn content of an ore	kg	1.14E+00	0	0	4.61E-02	0	-1.23E+00
	<u>\$</u>	ш	. <u>≧</u>	Au content of an ore	kg	4.39E-05	0	0	2.99E-05	0	0
	ಕ್ಷ		2	Ag content of an ore	kg	4.10E-04	0	0	0	0	0
Se	g			Silica Sand	kg	3.30E+00	0	0	2.61E-01	0	-2.64E+00
yse	_ <u></u> =			Halite	kg	3.04E+01	4.89E-03	0	1.72E+01	3.70E-03	-7.40E-01
iai.				Limestone	kg	1.21E+01	0	0	4.06E+00	2.92E-01	-1.27E+01
ā				Natural soda ash	kg	2.61E-01	0	0	4.16E-03	0	-2.00E-01
Σ		Rene	ewable	Wood	kg	2.40E+01	0	0	5.29E+01	0	0
ığ		resc	ources	Water	kg	2.37E+04	8.04E+03	2.28E+00	6.93E+04	1.15E+02	-4.27E+03
_ ×e				CO2	kg	4.12E+02	8.09E+01	9.18E+01	8.58E+02	2.16E+01	-2.90E+02
⊑	l e			Sox	kg	2.79E-01	5.68E-02	5.68E-02	5.34E-01	1.17E-02	-1.74E-01
	Ö		ē	Nox	kg	4.93E-01	5.47E-02	4.50E-01	1.31E+00	3.16E-02	-2.73E-01
	\ <u>\</u>		dg.	N2O	kg	3.61E-02	8.50E-03	1.52E-02	1.37E-01	4.00E-05	-3.51E-02
	ē		to Atmosphere	CH4	kg	2.80E-03	1.73E-03	5.47E-07	9.02E-03	2.43E-05	2.14E-04
	i i		ŧ	CO	kg	6.43E-02	1.21E-02	1.21E-01	2.15E-01	7.06E-03	1.08E-02
	\$		0	NMVOC	kg	5.49E-03	3.39E-03	1.07E-06	1.77E-02	4.77E-05	4.19E-04
	ge		¥	CxHy	kg	1.79E-02	1.41E-03	1.34E-02	4.59E-02	2.22E-04	-1.47E-02
	hai			Dust	kg	6.13E-02	2.46E-03	4.28E-02	1.12E-01	1.76E-03	-5.23E-02
	isc	em	ain	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	syst	Mop	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	sion	to Water system	to Water domain	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	l isi	Wa	Wa	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ᇤ	9		SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	by		system	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	3.85E+00	2.47E-02	0	1.65E+01	8.65E+00	-6.54E-01
	g		sks	Slag	kg	2.05E+01	0	0	6.25E+00	0	-2.31E+01
	Impact by Emission/Discharge to the environment		Soil	Sludge	kg	2.87E+00	0	0	2.26E+00	0	-4.85E+00
	드		\$	Low level radio-active waste	kg	7.42E-04	4.53E-04	1.43E-07	2.36E-03	6.35E-06	4.47E-05
ment	by Resource Consumption		ustible	52 530 530 5	kg	1.34E+02	3.10E+01	2.88E+01	3.18E+02	6.43E-01	-7.25E+01
assessment		resc	ources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	1.10E+03	0	0	7.10E+02	0	-5.79E+02
	by Emission / Discharge to environment	to Atm	nosphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	4.22E+02	8.32E+01	9.59E+01	8.95E+02	2.16E+01	-3.00E+02
Impact	by Emi		·	Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg	6.24E-01	9.51E-02	3.72E-01	1.45E+00	3.38E-02	-3.65E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
- (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
- (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production)
- E. 'Recycle Effect' illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

#### II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

#### III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> in case of "Global Warming").

- A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
- B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

#### IV Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate " " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
  - (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

#### [Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

#### **Product data sheet**

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-17-E930



PCR name	EP and IJ printer ( PCR-ID : AD-04 )	Product type	ype MP C4504exSPG [ Part # 417999 ]				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	104	Package (kg)	17	Weight total (kg)	121

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Bro	eakdown of pr	imary materials		Math breakdown of parts, which	h need to apply	Processing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	3.70E+00	Thermosetting resin	1.75E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	5.38E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	1.01E+02
	Aluminum	1.27E+00	Electronic circuit board	1.46E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	5.11E+00		
ct	Glass	2.68E+00	Ordinary steel	5.16E+01	Injection molding (kg)	3.93E+01		
Product	Rubber	3.02E-01	Wood	6.99E+00	Glass molding (kg)	2.99E+00		
ᇫ	Other metals	3.85E+00						
	Paper	7.90E+00						
	Lubricant	1.20E-02						
	Thermoplastic resin	3.94E+01						
	Subtotal	5.91E+01	Subtotal	6.18E+01				
		Total		1.21E+02	Subtotal	1.01E+02	Subtotal	1.01E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

 ${\rm SOx}$  and  ${\rm NOx}$  should be indicated in  ${\rm SO_2},\,{\rm NO_2}$  equivalent.

- Lo	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
onsumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m <sup>3</sup> )	Industrial water (kg)		
Si O	Quantity	3.78E+01	3.70E-01	1.90E+02	2.38E+00	5.73E+02		
Ö	Note							
> a>	Classification	Water system						
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
E E	Quantity	8.43E+02						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship
<u>.</u> 0	transportation	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)
stribut	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
ä	Quantity	1.21E+02	1.28E+03	5.05E+01	3.05E+05	1.21E+02	1.16E+04	1.00E+02	1.40E+06
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

<u>4.1 Pro</u>	duct and ac	cessories subje	ct to this analysi	S					
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Gold (kg)	Tin (kg)
	Quantity	4.82E+00	9.96E-01	4.83E-02	2.30E-01	1.78E-01	2.33E-03	2.99E-05	4.60E-04
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Lubricant (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)
	Quantity	2.49E+01	1.91E-03	1.26E-01	3.98E-03	5.66E-02	1.68E+01	1.61E+05	6.18E-02
ic	Note								
Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
<u> </u>	Distribution	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Polystyrene (kg)	PVC (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)
	Quantity	2.92E+00	5.37E+01	4.03E-01	6.87E-01	9.04E+05	5.31E+00	3.04E-03	2.71E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Unsaturated polyester (UP) (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
	Quantity	4.28E-02	8.79E-02	4.41E-02	5.15E+03	4.20E-03	2.66E+00	1.37E+01	1.86E+01
	Note								

	Classification	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Condition	Energy
	Distribution	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Furnace LNG (kg)
ಕ	Quantity	1.18E+00	2.90E+04	2.73E+01	2.78E-01	4.74E+01	2.52E+02	9.76E+04	1.07E+01
oduct	Note								
Pro	Classification	Material	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	
	Distribution	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m³)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	
	Quantity	9.98E+01	1.41E+01	9.21E+01	3.52E+02	4.30E+02	5.49E+05	2.93E+00	
	Note								

Note

#### 4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.04E+01	2.49E+01	2.41E+03	5.52E+01	5.52E+01	3.73E+01	3.62E+01	4.83E-02
	Note								
les	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	1.79E+01	9.56E-01	1.77E-01	2.58E+01	4.73E-02	1.79E+01	9.56E-01	1.77E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
	Quantity	2.58E+01	4.42E+04						
	Note								

Note

#### 5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)
	Quantity	6.59E+00	1.13E+02	1.91E+00	1.33E+01	9.03E+04	6.11E+02	3.76E+01	1.00E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.01E+02	4.92E+01	4.45E+01	2.39E+00	5.14E+01	1.18E+00	4.95E+00	2.34E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
=	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	5.14E+01	1.18E+00	4.95E+00	3.66E+01				
	Note								

Note

#### 6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.