

Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- ⁵. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

• Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.

• This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 Dinternal external Third party verifier *: Kazuo Naito, system certification auditor

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-18-E1033

Unit	Function	DB	version
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Characterization Factor DB version

PCR name	EP and IJ print	er	Product type	Pro C7210 [Part #409162]				
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	562	Package (kg)	25.0	Weight total (kg)	587	

				Life Cycle Stage		Prod	uction				Recycle
In/Out items Energy Consumption					Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
	i itoinio				MJ	3.20E+04	8.54E+03	6.59E+03	1.15E+05	3.03E+01	-3.09E+04
		En	ergy Co	onsumption	Mcal	7.64E+03	2.04E+03	1.57E+03	2.76E+04	7.24E+00	-7.38E+03
1			(0	Coal	kg	4.85E+02	5.63E+01	1.54E-02	3.53E+02	1.79E-01	-4.49E+02
			Energy resources	Crude oil (for fuel)	ka	2.12E+02	6.42E+01	1.44E+02	1.00E+03	3.31E-01	-1.23E+02
			our	LNG	kg	5.22E+01	3.38E+01	2.22E+00	4.26E+02	9.23E-02	-1.90E+01
			E E	Uranium content of an ore	kg kg	3.70E-03	3.81E-03	1.04E-06	1.92E-02	1.21E-02	3.75E-04
	~					6.50E+01	0	0	4.35E+02	0	-2.30E+02
	ior			Crude oil (for material) Iron content of an ore	kg kg	4.41E+02	0	0	6.79E+01	0	-4.94E+02
	Jpt	es				6.11E+02	0	0	3.27E-02	0	-6.73E+00
	nn	LC I		Cu content of an ore	kg	2.29E+01	0	0	2.42E+00	0	-2.37E+01
	ns	ĩ		Al content of an ore	kg	2.59E+01	0	0	1.52E+00	0	-2.37E+01 -1.01E-02
	ပိ	res	es	Ni content of an ore	kg	2.59E+00 3.66E+00	0	0	2.09E+00	0	-1.84E-01
	ė	Ð	2r	Cr content of an ore	kg			0		0	
	nrc	tibl	ŝ	Mn content of an ore	kg	2.76E+00	0		6.06E-01		-4.29E-01
	301	sn	lee	Pb content of an ore	kg	5.38E-01	0	0	6.15E-03	0	-5.47E-01
	Impact by Resource Consumption Exhaustible resources		a	Sn content of an ore	kg	1.53E-02	0	0	0	0	0
	Ч Ч	×	Mineral resources	Zn content of an ore	kg	5.56E+00	0	0	8.33E-02	0	-5.38E+00
	t b.		Ain	Au content of an ore	kg	5.00E-05	0	0	1.60E-07	0	0
	act	Impac		Ag content of an ore	kg	2.25E-03	0	0	9.07E-04	0	0
es	du			Silica Sand	kg	1.15E+01	0	0	6.04E+00	0	-1.35E+01
ys	L L			Halite	kg	4.62E+01	1.45E-02	0	1.27E+01	4.04E-03	-4.85E+00
Jai				Limestone	kg	9.03E+01	0	0	1.61E+01	3.01E-01	-8.61E+01
a				Natural soda ash	kg	5.27E-01	0	0	6.04E-01	0	-9.70E-01
<u>S</u>		Ren	ewable	Wood	kg	4.74E+01	0	0	1.39E+02	0	0
ntc		reso	ources	Water	kg	1.19E+05	4.51E+04	1.16E+01	4.75E+05	1.53E+02	-4.41E+04
Inventory anaiyses				CO ₂	kg	2.07E+03	4.54E+02	4.67E+02	4.80E+03	2.99E+01	-1.70E+03
	0		d)	SOx	kg	1.82E+00	3.34E-01	3.02E-01	2.69E+00	1.56E-02	-1.32E+00
	Impact by Emission/Discharge to the environment			NO _x	kg	2.18E+00	2.89E-01	2.52E+00	7.23E+00	3.35E-02	-1.39E+00
			hq	N₂Ô	kg	1.44E-01	2.42E-02	7.42E-02	1.11E+00	4.44E-05	-1.65E-01
	e		os	CH₄	ka	9.43E-03	1.02E-02	2.79E-06	5.14E-02	3.24E-05	1.44E-03
	arç		<u>a</u>	CO	kg	4.43E-01	6.74E-02	7.19E-01	1.18E+00	5.99E-03	-4.16E-02
	t t		<	NMVOC	kg	1.84E-02	2.00E-02	5.46E-06	1.01E-01	6.34E-05	2.82E-03
	en		to	C _x H _y	kg	7.12E-02	4.16E-03	7.15E-02	3.09E-01	1.10E-04	-6.81E-02
				Dust	kg	3.06E-01	1.44E-02	2.34E-01	5.88E-01	1.85E-03	-2.83E-01
	ror			BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	mission/Disc environment	л fe	in ter	COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	er	to Watei system	to Water domain	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ΥE	V C Sys	o v dor	P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	t b	۳ ۲	ĘŪ	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ac			Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	1.29E+01	8.41E-02	0	8.19E+01	4.56E+01	-6.42E+00
	du	to	Soil	Slag	kg	1.52E+02	0	0	2.17E+01	0	-1.55E+02
	-		stem	Sludge	kg	4.92E+01	0	Ő	5.18E+00	0	-5.09E+01
		Uy.		Low level radio-active waste	ka	2.59E-03	2.66E-03	7.28E-07	1.34E-02	8.45E-06	2.62E-04
hent	ption	Exha	ustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	6.16E+02	1.72E+02	1.47E+02	1.90E+03	6.56E-01	-4.31E+02
assessment	by Resource Consumption		ources	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	5.15E+03	0	0	1.71E+03	0	-2.72E+03
ct ass	Emission / scharge to hvironment	4- 44		Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	2.10E+03	4.61E+02	4.87E+02	5.10E+03	2.99E+01	-1.74E+03
Impact	by Emis Dischar environ	to Atr	nosphere	Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	3.35E+00	5.36E-01	2.06E+00	7.76E+00	3.91E-02	-2.30E+00

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse. Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.

C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

C. Indicate " – " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Form 3(F-03s-02)

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-18-E1033



	PCR name	EP	and IJ print	er(PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product t	ype			Pro C	7210 [P	art #409162 】	
LCA/	LCIA in units of:		1	product	Product weig	jht (kg)	562	Packag	je (kg)	25.0	Weight total (kg)	587
1. Prod	uct information (p	per unit): pa	arts etc. by	material and by process/as	sembly me	thod						
		Bre	akdown of pi	imary materials			eakdown of pa	arts, which	need to	apply Proce	ssing / Assembly Base U	nits (Parts B, C)
	Material na	ame	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	P	Process nam	ne	Weight	(kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless s	steel	1.63E+01	Thermoplastic resin	6.88E+01	P	ress moldir Iron (kg)	ng:	4.34E-	+02 Pa	arts assembly (kg)	5.49E+02
	Aluminum		2.17E+01	Thermosetting resin	4.21E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)		•	4.00E-	+01		
pc	Ordinary s	teel	4.20E+02	Electronic circuit board	5.44E+00	Injec	tion moldin	g (kg)	6.71E	+01		
Product	Glass		4.67E+00	Wood	1.25E-02	Gla	ss molding	(kg)	8.15E-	+00		
ā	Rubber	r	3.48E+00	Ultrapure water	1.66E+00							
	Other me	tals	1.83E+01									
	Paper		2.22E+01									
	Lubricar	nt	7.75E-02									
	Subtota	al	5.07E+02	Subtotal	8.01E+01							
			Total		5.87E+02		Subtotal		5.49E	+02	Subtotal	5.49E+02

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

u	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)		
Suo	Quantity	2.49E+02	3.24E+02	7.19E+00	2.09E+03		
S	Note						
	Classification	Water system					
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
Dis	Quantity	2.49E+03					
	Note						
Note							

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

			, ,	, ,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		0		
ion	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)			
stribut	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
Dis	Quantity	5.87E+02	1.28E+03	4.09E+01	1.83E+06	5.87E+02	1.16E+04	1.00E+02	6.80E+06
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Gold (kg)	Silver (kg)
	Quantity	9.64E+00	2.28E+00	7.19E+00	1.08E+01	1.08E-01	4.76E-02	1.60E-07	9.07E-04
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	Lubricant (kg)	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Low density polyethylene (kg)
	Quantity	2.14E-02	2.05E+00	1.78E-03	2.84E+00	4.94E+00	1.15E+02	9.15E+05	3.16E+01
rct	Note								
Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption
P	Distribution	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	PVC (kg)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)
	Quantity	3.81E+02	1.03E+00	3.52E-01	1.56E+01	2.00E-01	5.15E+06	3.09E-01	5.88E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)
	Quantity	1.57E-01	2.36E+00	6.01E+01	5.53E+05	7.21E+01	2.44E+00	1.76E+02	1.80E+01
	Note								

	Classification	Consumption	Condition	Energy	Energy	Material	Material	Water system	Consumption
	Distribution	Parts assembly (kg)	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Clean water (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)
#	Quantity	2.69E+02	3.12E+06	1.23E+03	2.86E+02	6.24E+01	6.22E+04	6.24E+04	2.93E+03
p	Note								
Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption						
	Distribution	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)						
	Quantity	9.53E+00	6.53E+01						
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	5.99E+01	6.53E+01	6.32E+03	3.07E+02	3.00E+02	2.30E+02	2.28E+02	7.19E+00
~	Note								
oles	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
-	Quantity	6.92E+01	2.19E+00	1.51E-01	1.68E+02	7.05E+00	6.92E+01	2.19E+00	1.51E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg⋅km)						
	Quantity	1.68E+02	2.45E+05						
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg · km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	4.22E+01	5.60E+02	4.30E-01	2.15E+01	4.48E+05	2.08E+03	8.68E-01	5.54E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
ario	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.47E+02	1.10E+02	4.60E+00	4.07E+02	2.02E+01	2.22E+01	6.33E+01	4.51E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	4.07E+02	2.02E+01	2.22E+01	6.24E+01				
	Note								
Note									

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.