

Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PSC: Product Specification Criteria.
- Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.jemai.or.jp/ecoleaf_e/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- ·Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- •This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, and carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Third party verifier * : Kazuo Naito, system certification auditor

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

	Document control no Product vendor		ntrol no.	F	-02B-03		Unit Fu	nction DB version	v2.1	1	
	Prod	uct ve	endor	RICOH C	OMPAN	IY, LTD.	Characterization	Factor DB version	v2.1		
E	coLeaf r				19-E11	,				1	
	PC	R nar	~~	ED en	nd IJ pri	ntor	Product type			IM C3500	
		PCR IE		AD-04	ia ij pri		31				110.0
	F		,	AD-04		Product weight (kg)	99.1	Package (kg)	19.7	Weight total (kg)	118.8
				Life Cycle Stage	Unit		uction	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect
In/O	ut items				-	Raw material	Product				-
Ene	rgy Con	sump	tion		MJ	7.25E+03	1.55E+03	1.26E+03	8.76E+03	3.41E+01	-4.56E+03
	1	1	-	Coal	Mcal kg	1.73E+03 6.06E+01	3.69E+02 9.55E+00	3.00E+02 2.94E-03	2.09E+03 3.54E+01	8.14E+00 1.56E-01	-1.09E+03 -5.02E+01
				Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	6.30E+01	9.55E+00 1.11E+01	2.94E-03 2.75E+01	7.97E+01	4.55E-01	-2.08E+01
			Energy	LNG	kg	1.05E+01	7.31E+00	4.24E-01	3.22E+01	8.32E-02	-1.65E+00
				Uranium content of an ore	kg	8.92E-04	6.46E-04	1.99E-07	1.78E-03	1.06E-05	5.21E-05
				Crude oil (for material)	kq	3.56E+01	0	0	1.69E+01	0	-4.41E+01
				Iron content of an ore	kg	5.25E+01	0	0	1.05E+01	0	-5.88E+01
				Cu content of an ore	kg	8.28E-01	0	0	1.74E-02	0	-9.51E-01
		Exhaustible resources		Al content of an ore	kg	1.37E+00	0	0	2.12E-01	0	-1.48E+00
	ant			Ni content of an ore	kg	1.53E-01	0	0	1.67E-02	0	-1.20E-03
	Resource Consumption from the environment			Cr content of an ore	kg	2.25E-01	0	0	2.63E-02	0	-2.18E-02
	onst			Mn content of an ore	kg	3.03E-01	0	0	5.83E-02	0	-5.10E-02
	e o o		Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	7.04E-02	0	0	1.53E-03	0	-7.73E-02
	n the		wateriai	Sn content of an ore	kg	1.21E-03	0	0	0	0	0
	fror			Zn content of an ore	kg	7.13E-01	0	0	1.57E-02	0	-7.60E-01
				Au content of an ore	kg	1.17E-03	0	0	0	0	0
				Ag content of an ore	kg	3.52E-02	0	0	0	0	0
				Silica Sand	kg	2.89E+00	0	0	1.29E-01	0	-2.44E+00
s				Halite	kg	3.22E+01	3.06E-03	0	4.43E+00	3.81E-03	-6.78E-01
Inventory analyses				Limestone	kg	1.17E+01	0	0	2.25E+00	3.15E-01	-1.05E+01
ana				Natural soda ash	kg	2.33E-01	0	0	1.50E-04	0	-2.06E-01
tory		Rene	wable	Wood	kg	2.87E+01	0	0	2.61E+01	0	0
Ver		resou	irces	Water	kg	1.96E+04	7.78E+03	2.22E+00	3.51E+04	1.33E+02	-2.70E+03
-				CO ₂	kg	3.76E+02	8.16E+01	8.93E+01	4.23E+02	2.53E+01	-2.19E+02
				SO _x	kg	2.40E-01	5.67E-02	5.46E-02	2.26E-01	1.37E-02	-1.20E-01
			NO _x		kg	4.57E-01	5.58E-02	4.28E-01	5.73E-01	3.67E-02	-1.90E-01
				N ₂ O	kg	3.36E-02	9.50E-03	1.49E-02	7.48E-02	4.48E-05	-2.48E-02
		to Atr	nosphere	CH ₄	kg	2.36E-03	1.73E-03	5.32E-07	4.75E-03	2.83E-05	1.68E-04
				CO	kg	5.64E-02	1.22E-02	1.13E-01	8.93E-02	8.25E-03	7.58E-03
	ant ge			NMVOC	kg	4.61E-03	3.38E-03	1.04E-06	9.30E-03	5.54E-05	3.28E-04
	cha			C _x H _y	kg	1.69E-02	1.57E-03	1.28E-02	2.01E-02	2.58E-04	-1.06E-02
	n/Dis wiro			Dust	kg	5.63E-02	2.46E-03	4.10E-02	3.93E-02	2.10E-03	-3.82E-02
	Emission/Discharge to the environment			BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	o th			COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
	шт	to Wa	ter system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				SS Hannesife d Onlid Month	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
				Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	3.69E+00	1.90E-02	0	6.50E+00	7.82E+00	-4.47E-01
		to Soi	il system	Slag	kg	1.82E+01	0	0	3.23E+00	0	-1.86E+01
				Sludge Low level radio-active waste	kg	2.93E+00	0	0	4.55E-01	0	-3.18E+00
	0.5	-			kg	6.24E-04	4.51E-04	1.39E-07	1.24E-03	7.38E-06	3.65E-05
lent	by Resource Consumption		ustible	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.22E+02	3.13E+01	2.80E+01	1.56E+02	7.42E-01	-5.46E+01
ssessm	by Ré Consi	resou	irces	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	8.04E+03	0	0	6.50E+02	0	-3.75E+02
Impact assessment	nission/ arge to he	to Atr	mosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	3.85E+02	8.42E+01	9.33E+01	4.44E+02	2.53E+01	-2.26E+02
Ē	Impact as: by Emission/ Discharge to the environment			Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	5.59E-01	9.58E-02	3.54E-01	6.27E-01	3.94E-02	-2.53E-01

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A "production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
3) "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced produced removes the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E 'Recycle Effect' Illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts

reuse. Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyse

A Drate of minors anayses A. Data of minoral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore. B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in actorific value, e.g. Data on urganium ore presents weight of urganium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel. C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure indoc using unit function in inventory rankyses). III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO 2 in case of "Global Warming"). A impact "by resource consumption" represents maanitude of impacts to resource depletion. B. impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents maanitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

B. Impact 'D' emission/ discharge to environment represents magnitude or impacts to runnopriore, where and our optional
A. Exconential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
B. indicate 'O' instead exconential notation. If the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or nealiable in comparison to related results.
C. indicate '-- if calculation on estimation can not be done. In order to differentiate to indicate 'zero".
(BQD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-19-E1142

	PCR name	Product t	ype	IM C3500								
LC	A/LCIA in units of:	Product weight (kg)		99.1	99.1 Package (kg)		Weight total (kg)	118.8				
1. Pro	. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method											
		Break	kdown of pr	imary materials		Math bre	eakdown of par	ts, which need t	o apply Pro	ocessing / Assembly Base Un	its (Parts B, C)	
	Material n	ame W	Weight (kg)	Pr	rocess name	e Weigł	it (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)			
	Stainless	steel 9	9.60E-01	Thermosetting resin	1.31E+00	Press r	molding:Iron	(kg) 5.01E	+01	Parts assembly (kg)	9.71E+01	

	Stainless steel	9.60E-01	Thermosetting resin	1.31E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	5.01E+01	Parts assembly (kg)	9.71E+01
	Aluminum	1.29E+00	Electronic circuit board	9.07E-01	Press molding:Nonferrous metal (kg)	3.70E+00		
ct	Glass	2.51E+00	Ordinary steel	5.03E+01	Injection molding (kg)	4.06E+01		
rodue	Rubber	1.28E-01	Wood	8.78E+00	Glass molding (kg)	2.64E+00		
ā	Other metals	2.41E+00						
	Paper	9.21E+00						
	Lubricant	9.41E-03						
	Thermoplastic resin	4.10E+01						
	Subtotal	5.75E+01	Subtotal	6.13E+01				
		Total		1.19E+02	Subtotal	9.71E+01	Subtotal	9.71E+01

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

u	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material		
Consumption	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)	Industrial water (kg)		
suo	Quantity	4.42E+01	4.55E+01	3.22E+00	4.83E+02		
0	Note						
	Classification	Water system					
Emission/ Discharge	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)					
Dis	Quantity	5.28E+02					
	Note						
Note							

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

tributio	Means of transportation	Diesel truck:20 ton (kg+km)	Diesel truck:20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck:20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck:20 ton (kg+km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg ⋅ km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg · km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
Dis	Quantity	1.19E+02	1.28E+03	5.32E+01	2.85E+05	1.19E+02	1.16E+04	1.00E+02	1.38E+06
	Note								

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

			ct to this analys						
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Tin (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Lubricant (kg)
	Quantity	1.05E-01	2.01E-01	1.00E-01	5.45E-02	1.56E-03	0.00E+00	1.22E+01	6.84E-05
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
	Distribution	ABS (kg)	PA66 (Polyamide 66) (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	PET (kg)
	Quantity	1.20E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.34E+00	0.00E+00	1.50E-01	6.38E+04	1.88E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
ct	Distribution	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Unsaturated polyester (UP) (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)
-p	Quantity	3.10E-01	4.45E-02	1.74E-02	3.15E-03	3.59E+05	3.54E-02	2.62E-02	6.86E-03
Product	Note								
_	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Gold (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Polystyrene (kg)	Glass (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)
	Quantity	2.72E+00	7.35E+00	5.79E-04	2.00E+03	8.17E-02	2.38E-04	9.21E+00	2.57E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Energy	Material	Condition
	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg · km)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m3)	Industrial water (kg)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)
	Quantity	1.13E+04	5.16E+00	9.99E-02	1.47E+01	9.18E+01	1.98E+01	4.03E+03	3.03E+04
	Note								
	Classification	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition				

Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)		
Quantity	4.03E+03	3.12E+02	8.80E+00	1.71E+05		
Noto						

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	3.61E+00	1.22E+01	1.18E+03	1.76E+01	1.76E+01	8.74E+00	8.50E+00	2.38E-04
Ś	Note								
ple	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Consumables	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
-	Quantity	8.84E+00	1.93E-01	6.07E-02	4.88E+00	-2.34E-04	8.84E+00	1.93E-01	6.07E-02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)						
	Quantity	4.88E+00	1.41E+04						
	Note								

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg · km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic
	Quantity	5.30E+00	1.10E+02	1.68E+00	1.62E+01	8.79E+04	7.22E+02	1.05E+00	9.58E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current	Sorting: Plastics (by relative	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
s	Quantity	4.80E+01	4.45E+01	2.51E+00	4.78E+01	1.21E+00	3.09E+00	3.95E+01	2.46E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
	Quantity	4.78E+01	1.21E+00	3.09E+00	3.84E+01				
	Note								
Note									

6. Others

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