Form 1(F-01-03)

Product Environmental Aspects Declaration No. AD-13-E312 EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04) Date of publication Oct./17/2013 **Pro 8110se** RICO [Part # 404593] imagine. change. 1.Printing Process : Electrophotographic (EP) Printing 2.Color : Monochrome LANIER 3.Print Speed : 110 prints/minute (LTR) 4.Maximum Paper Size : 13" x 19.2' 5.Included Units in Assessment : Single-pass Automatic Savin Document Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 7,257,600 images for five years. Consumption and discharge in a All the stage sum life cycle totals 5.00t Global Warming (CO2 equivalent) (4.02t) **Environment Contact:** Acidification (SO₂ 8.08kg RICOH Company, Ltd. equivalent) (7.13kg) **Corporate Communication Center** Energy resources (crude oil 102GJ email: envinfo@ricoh.co.jp equivalent) (86.7GJ) Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect *note3 Warming load CO2 equivalent of each stage[kg] Recycle Effect Direct Effect 3000 2850 2000 1430 1000 319 353 42.7 0 -115 -855 (X)(X)-1000 The photo shows the product with optional units (※) Raw Product Distribution Disposition Use attached. The environmental loads of these units are not material included in the results.

Notes

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/ for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

• Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.

• This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of reprentative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 □internal ■external Third party verifier: Hiroo Sakazaki *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf data collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03					
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.					
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-13-E312					

Unit Function DB version Characterization Factor DB version

v2.1 v2.1

	PC	R nar	ne	EP an	d IJ pri	nter	Product type		Pro 8110se	【Part # 404593】				
	Р	CR ID)	AD-04	-	Product weight (kg)	415	Package (kg)	34	Weight total (kg)	449			
_									-		-			
				Life Cycle Stage	Unit		uction	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect			
In/Ou	ut items				Orm	Raw material	Product	Distribution	000	Disposition	receycle chect			
Ene	rgy Con	sumn	tion		MJ	2.18E+04	5.89E+03	4.89E+03	6.92E+04	6.20E+01	-1.51E+04			
LIIC	igy con	Jump			Mcal	5.20E+03	1.41E+03	1.17E+03	1.65E+04	1.48E+01				
				Coal	kg	3.45E+02	4.14E+01	3.37E+00	3.15E+02	2.42E-01				
			Energy	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	1.37E+02	4.56E+01	1.01E+02	5.84E+02	9.06E-01				
			. 57	LNG	kg	3.00E+01	2.06E+01	3.13E+00	1.66E+02	1.32E-01				
				Uranium content of an ore	kg	2.17E-03	2.73E-03	2.21E-04	1.89E-02	1.64E-05				
				Crude oil (for material)	kg	5.17E+01	0	0	1.42E+02	0				
				Iron content of an ore	kg	3.35E+02	0	0	4.30E+01	0				
				Cu content of an ore	kg	4.00E+00	0	0	4.78E-03	0				
	c			Al content of an ore	kg	1.11E+01	0	0	0.00E+00	0				
	ptio	ble es		Ni content of an ore	kg	1.42E+00	0	0	2.17E-01	0				
	mus	usti		Cr content of an ore	kg	2.04E+00	0	0	3.09E-01	0				
	Cons	Exhaustible resources		Mn content of an ore	kg	2.00E+00	0	0	2.63E-01	0				
	Resource Consumption from the environment	<u> </u>) - Material	Pb content of an ore	kg	4.35E-01	0	0	1.32E-03	0				
	sour m th			Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	\$			
	Res fro			Zn content of an ore	kg	3.69E+00	0	0	1.91E-02	0				
				Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0			
				Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	\$			
				Silica Sand	kg	1.17E+01	0	0	9.02E-01	0	-5.66E+00			
ŝ				Halite	kg	3.56E+01	0	0	6.90E+00	4.53E-03	-1.62E+00			
alyse				Limestone	kg	6.81E+01	0	0	9.55E+00	3.92E-01	-5.96E+01			
ana				Natural soda ash	kg	2.75E-01	0	0	4.56E-02	0	-2.31E-01			
inventory analyses	Renewable		vable	Wood	kg	6.46E+01	0	0	2.49E+01	0	0.00E+00			
ven		resour	ces	Water	kg	6.23E+04	3.16E+04	2.47E+03	2.86E+05	2.08E+02	-1.83E+04			
-				CO ₂	kg	1.41E+03	3.17E+02	3.40E+02	2.81E+03	4.26E+01	-9.52E+02			
				SO _x	kg	1.08E+00	2.41E-01	2.45E-01	1.94E+00	2.34E-02	-6.11E-01			
				NO _x	kg	1.40E+00	1.98E-01	2.09E+00	2.74E+00	6.94E-02	-4.85E-01			
				N ₂ O	kg	9.14E-02	5.37E-03	4.51E-02	1.43E-01	7.86E-05	-6.80E-02			
		to Atm	osphere	CH ₄	kg	5.56E-03	7.29E-03	5.91E-04	5.05E-02	4.39E-05	9.79E-04			
				CO	kg	2.81E-01	4.90E-02	6.59E-01	5.09E-01	1.75E-02	-6.54E-03			
	a t			NMVOC	kg	1.09E-02	1.43E-02	1.16E-03	9.89E-02	8.59E-05	1.91E-03			
	harç			C _x H _y	kg	4.73E-02	1.43E-03	5.41E-02	6.41E-02	6.17E-04	-2.91E-02			
	Disc			Dust	kg	2.03E-01	1.27E-02	1.86E-01	2.29E-01	4.45E-03	-1.51E+04 -3.61E+03 -3.01E+02 -4.03E+01 -6.92E+00 2.93E-04 -8.01E+01 -3.49E+02 -4.92E+00 -1.03E+01 -7.10E-03 -1.29E-01 -3.03E-01 -4.00E-01 0 -3.93E+00 -5.66E+00 -1.62E+00 -5.96E+01 -2.31E-01 0.00E+00 -1.83E+04 -9.52E+02 -6.11E-01 -4.85E-01 -6.80E-02 9.79E-04 -6.54E-03 1.91E-03 -2.91E-02 -1.35E-01 -2.82E+00 -1.10E+02 -2.22E+01 -2.39E+02 -1.10E+03 -2.39E+02 -1.91E+03 -2.39E+02 -1.91E+03 -9.70E+02			
	Emission/Discharge to the environment			BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	the			COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	to E	to Wat	ter system	N total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-			
				P total	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-			
				SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-			
				Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	8.14E+00	0	0	4.37E+01	3.38E+01	-2.82E+00			
		to Call	ovoter	Slag	kg	1.16E+02	0	0	1.32E+01	0	-1.10E+02			
		10 501	system	Sludge	kg	2.38E+01	0	0	0.00E+00	0	-2.22E+01			
				Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.52E-03	1.91E-03	1.54E-04	1.32E-02	1.14E-05	2.05E-04			
ent	by Resource Consumptio n	Exhau		Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	4.12E+02	1.19E+02	1.08E+02	1.14E+03	1.35E+00	-2.39E+02			
Impact assessment		resour	ces	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	7.36E+03	0	0	3.84E+02	0	-1.91E+03			
pact as	by Emission/ Discharge to the	to Atm	losphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	1.43E+03	3.19E+02	3.53E+02	2.85E+03	4.27E+01	-9.70E+02			
<u>l</u>	b Emis Disch to			Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	2.06E+00	3.80E-01	1.71E+00	3.86E+00	7.19E-02	-9.51E-01			

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
 (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
 (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
 B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of environmental impact by materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron. aluminum) in the ore. B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel. C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming"). A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion. B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere. Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

A Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used. B. Indicate "O" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results. C. Indicate "- if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero". (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan. 1/1

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)



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Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-13-E312

		PCR name	EP	and IJ printe	er(PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product t	уре		Pro 8	110se	e 【Part # 404593】		
	LCA/I	LCIA in units of:		1 µ	1 product		ht (kg) 415 Packa		Package (kg)	34	4 Weight total (kg)	449	
1. F	. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method												
			Bre	imary materials		Math breakdown	of parts	, which need t	o apply l	Processing / Assembly Base L	Jnits (Parts B, C)		
		Material na	ame	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process	name	Weigl	nt (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	
		Stainless s	iteel	8.96E+00	Electronic circuit board	5.20E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)		3.28	E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	4.14E+02	
		Aluminu	m	1.05E+01	Ordinary steel	3.18E+02	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)		- <u>9</u> 9 4	E+01			
	uct	Glass		2.32E+00	Wood	1.93E-03	Injection mol	Injection molding (kg)		E+01			
	roduct	Rubber		2.89E+00			Glass mold	ing (k	g) 5.21	E+00			
	<u>a</u>	Other met	als	1.24E+01									
		Paper		3.02E+01									
		Thermoplasti	c resin	5.57E+01									
		Thermosetting	g resin	2.46E+00									
		Subtota	ıl	1.25E+02	Subtotal	3.24E+02							
				Total		4.49E+02	Subto	tal	4.11	E+02	Subtotal	4.14E+02	

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

Classification	Energy	Energy	Energy	Material	Material			
Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Furnace coal (kg)	Clean water (kg)	Industrial water (kg)			
Quantity	1.58E+02	5.80E-01	1.04E+00	2.03E+02	8.03E+02			
Note								
Classification	Water system							
Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)							
Quantity	1.01E+03							
Note								
	Distribution Quantity Note Classification Distribution Quantity	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Quantity 1.58E+02 Note Classification Water system Distribution Sewage processing (kg) Quantity 1.01E+03	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m³) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 Note Classification Water system Distribution Sewage processing (kg) Quantity 1.01E+03	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³) Furnace coal (kg) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 1.04E+00 Note	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³) Furnace coal (kg) Clean water (kg) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 1.04E+00 2.03E+02 Note Classification Water system Image: system Image: system Distribution Sewage processing (kg) Image: system Image: system Image: system Quantity 1.01E+03 Image: system Image: system Image: system	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³) Furnace coal (kg) Clean water (kg) Industrial water (kg) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 1.04E+00 2.03E+02 8.03E+02 Note	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³) Furnace coal (kg) Clean water (kg) Industrial water (kg) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 1.04E+00 2.03E+02 8.03E+02 Note	Distribution Electricity (kWh) Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³) Furnace coal (kg) Clean water (kg) Industrial water (kg) Quantity 1.58E+02 5.80E-01 1.04E+00 2.03E+02 8.03E+02 Note

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
u	Quantity	4.49E+02	3.80E+02	3.59E+01	4.75E+05	4.49E+02	9.02E+03	1.00E+02	4.05E+06
outio	Note								
Distribution	Means of	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Freight by rail	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:	Diesel truck:
	transportation	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	(kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)	20 ton (kg·km)
Δ	transportation Conditions	(kg∙km) Mass(kg)	(kg·km) Distance (km)	(kg∙km) Loading Ratio(%w)	(kg∙km) Load(kg∙km)	20 ton (kg·km) Mass(kg)	20 ton (kg·km) Distance (km)	20 ton (kg · km) Loading Ratio(%w)	20 ton (kg·km) Load(kg·km)
٩				Loading			(0)	Loading	

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene- butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Gold (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)
	Quantity	1.37E+00	5.44E-01	8.68E+00	1.59E-02	1.28E-02	7.74E-05	1.17E+01	9.57E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Polycarbonate- ABS (70/30) (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)
	Quantity	1.06E-01	2.77E+01	1.52E+02	1.13E-01	1.27E-01	3.07E-01	2.64E+00	2.88E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)
roduct	Quantity	9.98E-01	3.69E+00	3.74E+01	3.20E+01	2.87E-02	3.32E+01	9.22E+00	7.45E+01
Loc	Note								

Cla	assification	Condition	Energy	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Condition	Consumption
Dis	stribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Gasoline (kg)
Q	Quantity	3.09E+04	1.38E+03	4.64E+00	3.83E+02	3.83E+02	3.42E+03	1.48E+06	5.28E+01
	Note								
Cla	assification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition
Dis	stribution	Freight by rail (kg · km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg⋅km)	Freight by ship (kg∙km)	Freight by rail (kg∙km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg⋅km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)	Freight by ship (kg · km)
Q	Quantity	8.18E+05	1.59E+05	1.96E+03	9.38E+04	5.19E+04	1.01E+04	4.57E+04	6.72E+05
	Note								
Cla	assification	Condition	Condition						
Dis	stribution	Freight by rail (kg · km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)						
Q	Quantity	3.72E+05	7.21E+04						
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
se	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg∙km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
umables	Quantity	1.13E+03	4.07E+01	1.17E+01	1.00E+02	9.96E+01	6.88E+01	6.88E+01	5.44E-01
m	Note								
Const	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg∙km)
	Quantity	3.08E+01	2.76E-02	2.81E+01	4.89E-01	3.08E+01	2.76E-02	2.81E+01	8.01E+04
	Note								
Note									

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)
	Quantity	2.91E+01	4.16E+02	1.41E-01	3.01E+01	3.57E+05	8.73E-01	4.12E+02	1.07E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)
	Quantity	8.55E+01	2.32E+00	3.06E+02	9.78E+00	1.63E+01	5.24E+01	2.27E+00	3.06E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction					
	Distribution	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)					
	Quantity	9.78E+00	1.63E+01	5.15E+01					
	Note								

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.