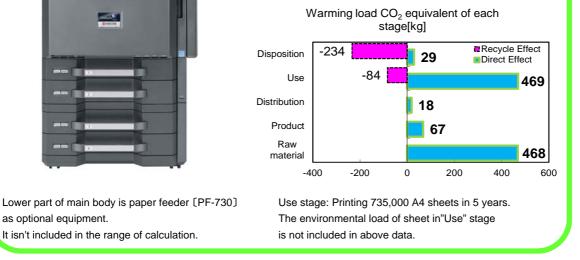


※Figures in () indicated environmental impact including

recycle effect *note3



Notes:

as optional equipment.

It isn't included in the range of calculation.

1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.

2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Specification Criteria.

Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at http://www.jemai.or.jp/ecoleaf_e/ for details.

- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
- 5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

Conformed to the International ENERGY STAR[®] Program.

Manufactured at ISO14001 certified factories.

Plastic housing and outer package: halogenated flame retardants are not used.

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of reprentative : Youji Uchiyama, Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2006 □internal ■external Third party verifier: < name of the third party verifier *> Hiroo Sakazaki

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written. The EcoLeaf is an environmental labeling program that belongs to the ISO-Type III category.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Unit Function DB version

Characterization Factor DB version

Document control no.	F-02Bs-02
Product vendor	KYOCERA Document Solutions Inc.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-13-E316

PCR name	EP and IJ Print	er	Product type TASKalfa 3501i						
PCR code	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	86.45	Package (kg)	31.64	Weight total (kg)	118.09		

		_		Life Cycle Stage		Produ	uction				Recycle
10/01	ut iten				Unit	Raw material	Product	Distribution	Use	Disposition	Effect
III/Ot	ut iten	115						0.405.00	1.005.01		
		Er	nerav C	Consumption	MJ	8.10E+03	1.25E+03	2.48E+02	1.09E+04	6.54E+01	-6.11E+03
	-	-	- 57 -		Mcal	1.93E+03	2.99E+02	5.92E+01	2.61E+03	1.56E+01	-1.46E+03
			nrces	Coal	kg	6.84E+01	8.53E+00	5.79E-04	5.22E+01	1.94E-01	-5.46E+01
			reso	Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	7.66E+01	9.82E+00	5.41E+00	8.43E+01	1.06E+00	-5.06E+01
			ergy	LNG	kg	1.41E+01	4.26E+00	8.36E-02	2.85E+01	1.11E-01	-5.63E+00
			Ë	Uranium content of an ore	kg	1.50E-03	5.77E-04	3.92E-08	3.11E-03	1.31E-05	-2.75E-04
	uo			Crude oil (for material)	kg	2.63E+01	0	0	2.48E+01	0	-3.79E+01
	pti	ŝ		Iron content of an ore	kg	5.24E+01	0	0	5.09E+00	0	-5.49E+01
	m	2ŭ		Cu content of an ore	kg	1.56E+00	0	0	6.53E-02	0	-2.50E+00
	JSL	N		Al content of an ore	kg	1.28E+00	0	0	7.96E-01	0	-1.86E+00
	ō	es.	es	Ni content of an ore	kg	1.77E-01	0	0	6.91E-02	0	-2.46E-01
	e	e	Exitadustrue resources Mineral resources	C content of an ore	kg	2.57E-01	0	0	9.53E-02	0	-3.52E-01
	ric	tibl		Mn content of an ore	kg	2.94E-01	0	0	3.70E-02	0	-8.22E-02
	SOL	sn		Pb content of an ore	kg	9.18E-02	0	0	2.25E-03	0	-2.03E-01
	Se	ha		Sn content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ϋ́	Exh		Zn content of an ore	kg	9.03E-01	0	0	2.21E-02	0	-2.00E+00
	tb			Au content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
	mpact by Resource Consumption			Ag content of an ore	kg	U U	0	0	0 1.35E-01	0	0
es				Silica Sand	kg	3.00E+00	0	0	7.74E-01	0 1.68E-02	-2.36E+00 -1.43E+01
anaiyses	-			Halite	kg	1.55E+01	0	0			
na				Limestone	kg	1.16E+01	0	0	1.08E+00	1.09E+00	-9.70E+00
				Natural soda ash	kg	2.38E-01	0	0	8.09E-03	0	-1.50E-01
LO.				Wood	kg	4.46E+01		-	5.12E+01	°	-7.92E+01
Inventory			1	Water	kg	3.69E+04 4.58E+02	6.62E+03 6.69E+01	4.39E-01	4.05E+04 4.61E+02	1.64E+02 2.88E+01	-1.12E+04 -3.09E+02
N N	en			CO2	kg			1.76E+01			
-	шш		ē	Sox	kg	2.93E-01	5.08E-02	9.35E-03	3.31E-01	1.66E-02	-2.00E-01
	/iro		he	Nox N2O	kg	5.32E-01 3.60E-02	4.14E-02 8.46E-04	6.03E-02 3.28E-03	4.44E-01 2.82E-02	6.75E-02 1.01E-04	-4.28E-01 -2.92E-02
	-Ve		CH4		kg	3.98E-02	7.81E-03	1.05E-03	8.29E-02	3.51E-04	-2.92E-02 -6.97E-04
	ě		o Atmosphere	CO	kg	6.52E-03	9.84E-03	1.11E-02	7.55E-02	1.65E-02	-6.97E-04 -4.88E-02
	ott		Atı	NMVOC	kg	7.79E-02	3.02E-03	2.05E-07	1.62E-02	6.89E-02	-4.88E-02 -1.36E-03
	et		9	CxHy	kg kg	1.78E-02	2.19E-03	2.05E-07 2.15E-03	8.61E-02	7.10E-04	-1.49E-02
	arg			Dust	kg ka	5.98E-02	2.19E-04 2.33E-03	6.31E-03	2.85E-02	2.75E-03	-1.49E-02 -5.07E-02
	ch	F	c	BOD	kg	5.90E-02 -	1.11E-03	0.312-03	2.000-02	2.75E-03	-5.07 E-02
	Dis	ster	mai	COD	kg		1.112-03				
	Impact by Emission/Discharge to the environment	to Water system	Water domain	N total	kg	_	_		-		
	SSI	ate	atel	P total	kg	_			-		-
	Ē	× °	×	SS	kg	_	_			_	_
	Ϋ́	-	⊊ E	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	3.18E+00	5.85E-03	0	1.06E+01	5.50E-04	-3.43E+00
	t b		system	Slag	ka	1.82E+01	0	0	1.59E+00	0	-1.90E+01
	pac			Sludge	ka	2.33E+00	0	0	1.67E+00	0	-4.00E+00
	Ē		o Soil	Low level radio-active waste	kg	1.05E-03	4.03E-04	2.74E-08	2.17E-03	9.19E-06	-1.92E-04
			1	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.50E+02	2.51E+01	5.51E+00	1.78E+02	1.43E+00	-9.47E+01
J		by Res		o, statute (statute of oquivalent)	ka	6.03E+02	0	0.012100	8.83E+01	0	-1.02E+03
nent	by Re			Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)							
ssment	by Re		e	Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent) Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)		4.68E+02	6.72E+01	1.85E+01	4.69E+02	2.88E+01	-3.17E+02
ssessment	by Re		sphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent)	kg	4.68E+02 6.65E-01	6.72E+01 7.98E-02	1.85E+01 5.16E-02	4.69E+02 6.42E-01	2.88E+01 6.39E-02	-3.17E+02 -5.00E-01
t assessment	by Proprior and the Re		tmosphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent) Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg kg	4.68E+02 6.65E-01 0	6.72E+01 7.98E-02 0	1.85E+01 5.16E-02 0	4.69E+02 6.42E-01 0	2.88E+01 6.39E-02 0	-3.17E+02 -5.00E-01 0
bact assessment	by Re Re		to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent) Acidification (SO2 equivalent) Ozone Depletion (CFC-11 equivalent)	kg kg kg	6.65E-01	7.98E-02	5.16E-02	6.42E-01	6.39E-02	-5.00E-01
Impact assessment	by Distance (Distrugue to environment Re		to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO2 equivalent) Acidification (SO2 equivalent)	kg kg	6.65E-01 0	7.98E-02 0	5.16E-02 0	6.42E-01 0	6.39E-02 0	-5.00E-01 0

[Notes for readers: Ecol eaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

(1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.

(2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts)

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts. and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse. Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts. Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.

C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere. Water and Soil system.

IV Data entry format

A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

C. Indicate " - " if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

1.We include package and attached articles, such as CD-ROM, operation manual in the product weight. Toner container as standard is included in the use stage, not in the product weight,

2. Production stage: Environmental impacts on main product, toner supplied with and drum are included in this stage. Production of main product is included as China production. Toner and drum are included as Japan production. 3. Transportation stage: Marine transport distance of a main product is 2.600km and domestic transport distance based on PCR provisions is 100km.

4.Use stage: Based on PCR provision, impact on 735,000 sheets monochrome printing by user for five years is considered

5.Disposal/Recycle: We have calculated on the basis of a performance-based recycle scenario.

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the gualitative and guantitative data collected in Japan

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)

Document control no.	F-03s-02
Product vendor	KYOCERA Document Solutions Inc.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-13-E316



	PCR name	EP & IP Print	er (PCR-ID:AD-04)	Product t	ype			TASKalfa 3501i				
LCA	VLCIA in units of:	1 Unit		Product weight (kg) 86.45 Packa		Packag	age (kg) 31.64		Weight total (kg)	118.09		
1. Proc	luct information (per unit):	oarts etc. by	material and by process/a	ssembly m	ethod							
	Br		Math b	preakdown of p	arts, whicl	n need to ap	ply Proces	sing / Assembly Base Un	its (Parts B, C)			
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	P	Process name		Weight ((g)	Process name	Weight (kg)	
	Carbon steel(kg)	4.79E+01	Paper (kg)	1.32E+01	Press	ess molding:Iron (kg)		4.90E+0	1 Pa	rts assembly (kg)	1.18E+02	
	SUS (kg)	1.11E+00	Wood (kg)	1.63E+01	Press mo	lding:Nonferrous m	netal (kg)	2.86E+0	0			
÷	Cu (kg)	2.01E+00	Assembled circuit board (kg)	3.79E+00	Injec	Injection molding (kg)		2.87E+0)1			
duct	AI (kg)	1.03E+00	Medium-sized motor (kg)	2.17E+00	Blo	ow molding ((kg)	9.90E-0	2			
rod	Glass (kg)	1.71E+00			Gla	iss molding	(kg)	1.71E+0	0			
<u>م</u>	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	2.87E+01										
	thermosetting resin (kg)	1.06E-01										
	Rrubber (kg)	1.40E-01										
	Subtotal	8.27E+01	Subtotal	3.54E+01								
		Total		1.18E+02		Subtotal		8.23E+0)1	Subtotal	1.18E+02	

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

ion	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Energy		
mpt	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Industrial water (kg)	Heavy oil as fuel (kg)	Gasoline as fuel (kg)		
Consumption	Quantity	3.71E+01	1.55E+02	1.81E-01	4.30E-03		
Co	Note						
arge	Classification	Water system	Atmosphere				
Disch	Distribution	BOD	CH4				
sion/	Quantity	1.11E-03	6.27E-03				
Emis	Note						

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

utio	Means of transportation	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg · km)	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)			
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
strib	Quantity	1.18E+02	1.00E+02	5.67E+01	2.08E+04	1.18E+02	2.60E+03	1.00E+02	3.07E+05
Dis	Note								
Note									

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Industrial water (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Blow molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Diesel truck:2 ton (kg·km)	Press molding:Iron (kg)	Press molding:Nonferrous metal (kg)
	Quantity	7.62E+02	1.34E+02	1.36E+01	2.16E-01	4.31E+01	9.17E+03	4.31E+00	6.14E-01
	Note								
-	Classification	Process	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
roduct	Distribution	Glass molding (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	Al (kg)	Glass (kg)	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	thermosetting resin (kg)
Proc	Quantity	7.48E-02	4.57E+00	4.37E-01	5.85E-02	7.36E-01	7.48E-02	3.12E+01	2.23E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption				
	Distribution	Rrubber (kg)	Paper (kg)	Assembled circuit board (kg)	Medium-sized motor (kg)				
	Quantity	5.16E-02	2.41E+01	7.32E-02	1.90E-01	2			
	Note								

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle:to copper plate (kg)	Recycle:to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle:to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle:to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle:to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle:to Glass (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)
les	Quantity	3.21E-01	1.35E+01	2.41E+01	4.37E+01	5.01E+00	7.36E-01	7.48E-02	4.57E+00
mab	Note								
Insi	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
Cor	Distribution	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	Al (kg)	Glass (kg)	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	Paper (kg)		
-	Quantity	4.37E-01	3.21E-01	7.36E-01	7.48E-02	1.35E+01	2.41E+01		
	Note								

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

_		-							
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck:10 ton (kg · km)	Diesel truck:2 ton (kg·km)	Electricity (kWh)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Recycle:to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle:to copper plate (kg)	Recycle:to Aluminum plate (kg)
	Quantity	8.33E+03	9.17E+03	1.00E-01	1.68E+01	1.02E+02	4.90E+01	7.97E+00	1.03E+00
	Note								
0	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
Scenario	Distribution	Recycle:to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Recycle to corrugated cardboard (kg)	Recycle:to Glass (kg)	Carbon steel(kg)	SUS (kg)	Cu (kg)	AI (kg)	Glass (kg)
cer	Quantity	2.87E+01	1.32E+01	1.71E+00	4.79E+01	1.11E+00	7.97E+00	1.03E+00	1.71E+00
S	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction						
	Distribution	Thermoplastics resin (kg)	Paper (kg)						
	Quantity	2.87E+01	1.32E+01						
	Note								
Note									

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.